THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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Chapter of Accidents.

One Day's Evidence of the Uncertainty of Life.

A SERIOUS RAILROAD WRECK.

Twelve Persons Injured, Two Fatally, by an Accident on the Northern Pacific Road—A Broken Brake Causes a Wreck on an Electric Street Car at Joliet, Illinois—Three Men Hurled to Death from a Falling Scaffold—A Vessel Lost With All on Board—Other Casualties.

HOT SPRINGS, Wash., Sept. 3.—A terrible accident occurred last night four miles from Eagle Gorge, about sixty miles from Tacoma, on the Northern Pacific railway. The eastbound passenger train No. 2 was wrecked. The tender of the second engine, mail, express, and baggage cars, smoker, emigrant and two day coaches were thrown from the track. Twelve persons were injured, two fatally—Ben. Young, umpire of the Northwest league, and a man named Keppier.

The names of those injured are: E. W. Healy and wife, of Tracy, Minn.; Mrs. Dr. A. H. Fowler, of Holyoke, Mass.; V. G. Frost, of Ellensburg; E. T. Furniss, of Tacoma; Judd Randall, of of Glenville, Minn.; George Bronsky, of Spokane Falls; R. S. Campbell, of Oregon; E. W. Jacobs, cook on the dining car; G. H. Woodson, one of a party of tourists, and George E. Purple, of Edgemoor, Mich.

Broken Brake on an Electric Car.

JOLIET, Ill., Sept. 3.—Yesterday an electric street car became uncoupled and sped down hill at a terrific speed. The car was crowded with men, women and children who who were going out to the gounds where the labor demonstration was held. Many leaped off and a number were severely hurt, but it is thought none fatally.

Those severely hurt are: Miss Josie Caul, ugly cuts and bruises on head, neck and back; Mary Caul, serious injuries on arms, body and legs; Mrs. Henry Beck, internal injuries and contusion on shoulder and sides; August Bischman, wrist and arm badly sprained and head cut; H. B. Clark, wrist and shoulder hurt. Others were badly scratched.

Mrs. Beck had her baby in her arms when she jumped off, but the child was not hurt. The two Caul sisters are the most seriously hurt. The curve where the car ran off is but one street back of the bluff. Had the car not stopped by crashing into the gutter and upon the sidewalk it might have gone over the bluff and killed all on board. The street car officials say a broken brake was the cause of the accident.

Sextuple Drowning.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 3.—The sloop Petrel, commanded by Capt. William H. Hoy, a well known shipping man, capsized just outside the harbor yesterday. No one saw the accident. A sharp wind was blowing and it is supposed the sloop was overturned suddenly. It was found by some returning fishermen who also saw the bodies of two women floating near it. They tried to secure the bodies but were unable to do so owing to the high sea.

They came to the city and gave the alarm and a large fleet of boats went out to search for the bodies but without success. There were six persons in the yacht all of whom were undoubtedly drowned. The occupants were Capt. and Mrs. Hoy, Miss Wallace, a daughter of a Presbyterian minister of this city, and a lady end two childred whose names are unknown. It is believed the bodies have all been carried out to sea by the tide.

Probable Shipwreck.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—Capt. Noble, of the ship W. B. Godfry, reports that he spoke to the bark Henry Buck seventy days from New Castle, N. S. W., several hundred miles off the New Zealand coast. She was flying signals of distress, and Capt. Miller, of the Buck, signalled that she had been dismantled by a hurricane. He said the crew had been on short rations for several days and begged for supplies.

Capt. Noble attempted to launch a small boat, but she was stove in by the waves. He was therefore unable to render any assistance. The Buck is now out ninety days from New Castle, and nothing more has been heard from her. It is thought she has been lost. She was loaded with coal and carried a big crew.

Six Persons Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The sloop yacht Petrel, Capt. William P. Hay, was capsized just outside the harbor yesterday, and six persons who were on board are all supposed to have been drowned. They were Capt. and Mrs. Hoy, Miss Wallace, the daughter of a Presbyterian clergyman of this city, and a lady and her two children, whose names are unknown. The bodies of two of the women were seen by some fishermen floating near the capsized yacht, but owing to the high seas they were unable to get near them. The bodies of the others are supposed to have been carried out to sea by the tide.

Wild Engine on the Rampage.

NEW CASTLE, Ind., Sept. 3.—A wild engine and a car swept through this city yesterday on the Lake Erie and Western road. The engineer had reversed the lever and jumped from the engine near here to avoid a collision with the incoming passenger train on the Pan-Handle at the junction north of this city. What might have been a terrible accident was averted by the car jumping the track and bringing the engine to a stand-still only five minutes before the northbound Lake Erie and Western passenger came along.

The Scaffold Fell.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 3.—Shortly before noon yesterday a scaffolding in the large building at the corner of Canal and Dauphin streets fell with a crash from the third story to the cellar. William Harvey, a carpenter, was instantly killed; two painters named Henry Albright and William Ray were fatally injured. Several others employed in the building were seriously hurt.

The 'Bus Overturned.

FONDULAC, Wis., Sept. 3.—A party of Fondulac young people had a picnic at the ledge east of this city Sunday. They were returning about 7 o,clock when the driver lost control of the horses and they ran down a very steep hill. The omnibus was overturned and wrecked. The injured were: Miss Carrie Abel, head badly cut and body bruised; Miss Rose Abel, wrist sprained; Miss Minnie Hamburger, leg and arm wrenched and seriously bruised; Charles Kayser, wrist and ankle dislocated.

Carpenters' Scaffold Falls.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 3.—A swinging scaffold on a building in course of construction on Claremont avenue fell yesterday precipitating four carpenters, who occupied it, a distance or thirty-five feet to the ground. Theodore Brand and another man, Matthews, were killed and tne others were badly injured. It is claimed that the ropes supporting the scaffold were rotten. The coroner will investigate.

Accident to a Passenger Train.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 3.—The Northern Pacific railroad officials late last night got word of an accident to the passenger train which left Tacoma yesterday afternoon. When four miles east of Eagle Gorge, about sixty miles from Tacoma, the train struck a broken rail, derailing the tank of the engine and several coaches. Several passengers were injured, but late last night no names had been received.

Steamer Floundered.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The British steamer Portuense, Capt. Hews, from New York, Aug. 17, for Para and Macio, has floundered near Anegada island, British West Indies. Nineteen of her crew are known to have been saved. The captain, first and third officers, chief engineer, two stewards, boatswain, carpenter and a fireman and a seaman are missing.

Thirteen Lives Lost.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—A sad accident occurred to-day at Lipszig, whereby thirteen lives were lost. While workmen were completing the roof of a new ice store house for the Ulrich brewery the structure collapsed, and the men were buried in the ruins. In addition to the thirteen killed many were injured, twelve seriously.

Gas Explosion.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 3.—An explosion of gas occurred in the Diller hotel last night. Several persons were injured, among whom was Dr. Otis F. Presbury, of Washington, D. C., editor of Public Opinion, who had his face and hands badly burned.

DRANK ACONITE.

One Woman Dies and Another Narrowly Escapes Death.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Mrs. Fritz Arbes, who lived with her daughter, Mrs. Catharine Zadick, at No. 311 East Fiftieth street, died in terrible agony yesterday afternoon, after having drank a quarter of an ounce of medicine put up by Druggist Albert Kirchman. Dr. Lesser, of East Fifteenth street, who had been called in to treat the infant child of Mrs. Zadick for gastric trouble, prescribed a minimum dose of a preparation, the major portion of which was aconite. The medicine was put up in a bottle bearing a German label.

Mrs. Arbes, who was also unwell, concluded to try the medicine. This she did with the above result. Mrs. Zadick, too, tasted the drug. Dr. S. Grueber, who was hurriedly sent for, arrived too late to aid Mrs. Arbes, and only succeeded in saving the life of Mrs. Zadick by the use of powerful antidotes. Coroner Levy investigated the case and decided that there was nothing upon which to hold Dr. Lesser.

TRAIN HELD UP.

Rube Burrows' Gang Gets in Its Work on the Louisville and Nashville.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 3.—The north bound express train from New Orleans on the Louisville and Nashville railroad was held up over the Big Escambia river near Flomaton last night. Just after the train left Flomaton two masked men got on the engine, covered the engineer and ordered him to hold up over the river. They then forced an entrance into the express car, robbing it of a considerable sum of money, the exact amount not being known.

The two masked men had been joined by others who kept up a continual firing and terrified the crew and passengers while the express car was being robbed. The robbers are supposed to be the Rube Burrows and his gang. After going through the train the thieves made off through the woods. The sheriff of Escambia county with a posse of men and a pack of bloodhounds is in pursuit.

Stabbed His Daughter.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Andrew McNeill, father of Robert McNeill, murdered by Actor Charles Webster two weeks ago, was yesterday arraigned in the police court on the charge of having stabbed his 18-year-old daughter, Katie, with a butcher-knife, and was held in $1,500 bail for trial.

Prominent Horseman Dead.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Benjamin Sherow, a prominent resident of Duchess county, and a well known horseman, died from apoplexy at his home near Washington Hollow, yesterday, aged 75 years.

The Central Strike.

State Board of Arbitration Begin Their Work.

MR. WEBB THE FIRST WITNESS.

He Testifies How He Came to Discharge the Knights of Labor—Only One Witness for the Railroad—Examination of the Discharged Men Begun.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The state board of arbitration begun its investigation here yesterday as to the difficulties existing between the New York Central railroad and the Knights of Labor. The first of the parties interested to appear was Third Vice President Webb. Mr. Webb was accompanied by his private secretary and Messrs. Frank Loomis, Hamilton Hames and D. W. Gears, counsel for the road.

It was nearly 10:30 o'clock when the members of the board entered the court room and informed the counsel that they were ready to proceed with the inquiry. Mr. Webb was the first witness called. Mr. Webb said that he was the third vice president of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, and had charge of the operation of the roak. The company had no controversy with its employes. On the evening of Aug. 8 a large number of the employes left, and their places had been filled.

The alleged cause was that seventy-eight members out of 20,000 had been discharged. They were discharged for good cause, but only seven of those men applied to the company for information as to why they were discharged. Subsequently, a gentleman from another state called and wanted to know why the men were discharged. The witness declined to give the reasons. This gentleman was Mr. Holland.

Upon being cross-examined by Gen. Roger Pryor, Mr. Webb said he had nothing to do with the road outside of the transportation and operation departments. Mr. Depew was abroad. The witness had discharged the men on reports from members of the secret service of the company. These reports are not in existence. They conveyed to him the charges and evidence. The charge itself was unsatisfactory service. An engineer named Lee was discharged for unsatisfactory service. The man Lee was very arrogant and insolent, and said he would tie up every wheel between here and Buffalo if he did not get some of the Vanderbilt money.

This ended the testimony for the Central.

William A. Valentine, master workman of Assembly No. 10,569 and one of the discharged employes, was the first witness for the knights. The witness received a written communication from the assistant superintendent which stated that his services would not be required after Aug. 4. Then, in a rambling way the witness told how he had been cautioned not to appear too prominently as a Knight of Labor, as it would interfere with his promotion.

Dennis McCarthy, train baggageman, testified that he was discharged on July 31. On Aug. 1, he asked Mr. Toucey if his discharge was final. Then Mr. Toucey accused him of being one of the "kickers" and a Knight of Labor.

The witness appealed to Mr. Toucey to remember his twenty years of faithful service, and the latter revoked the discharge, but when witnessed reported for duty afterwards he was ordered to give up his badge and keys by a subordinate of Mr. Toucey's, and was then discharged.

E. J. Lee, master workman of District No. 246, testifies that District No. 246 ordered the strike because the company had violated an agreement with the men in which it was agreed to give the reasons for all discharges. Witness had always performed his duty faithfully and at the time of his discharge was an extra hand and was on leave until he was ready to report for work.

On August 8 Mr. Toucey told the witness that he was an agitator and would not be taken back, but that he would not be blacklisted, and if he could get a situation on the New Haven road he (Toucey) would give him a recommendation.

Charles Malloy, a member of the executive committee of District Assembly No. 246, testified that he was discharged July 29, after eight years employment. He was told it was because he had lied in order to obtain a pass. The charge was false.

J. J. Holland, of the general executive board, described his visit to Mr. Webb made by order of the executive board to endeavor to adjust the troubles between the road and its employes.

Mr. Toucey had said to him (Holland) that Mr. Webb did not know the temper of the men, and intimated that he was acting too hastily. Witness told Toucey that if Mr. Depew was here he believed that the trouble would have never occurred.

John W. Devlin, of the general executive board, described an interview with Mr. Toucey in which he explained the attitude of the knights toward the road, and gave him to understand that if cause were shown for the discharges made the board would uphold the company. The same ground was gone over the same day with Mr. Webb, who refused to make any concessions. At this interval Mr. Powderly, who was present, was strongly impressed with the idea that the company was attacking the organization and requested Mr. Webb to question some of the men discharged. Mr. Webb made no reply.

E. J. Lee, recalled, said he had cabled Mr. Depew at Paris and received no reply. He had made strong efforts to prevent a strike and had a long correspondence with Mr. Powderly. He identified the correspondence. In the first letter, dated Feb. 3, 1890, Mr. Powderly complimented Lee on his skilful management of District Assembly 246 and advised Lee to "feel his way carefully," remembering that he is coping with one of the strongest organizations in America, and advises the order to treat the company courteously. Under date of April 17 Mr. Powderly regretted to see that the road was picking off so many knights and advised Lee to do all possible to prevent a strike, which, he said, was what the road wanted. "The order," he wrote, "could not now support a strike; besides, I am informed, Mr. Depew is anxious to have the men strike."

On July 30 Lee wrote Powderly that the road was crowding the knights very hard, evidently trying to force a strike, traffic being dull. He himself had been discharged, and half of the men were anxious to strike.

Aug. 2 Powderly wrote, regretting the condition of affairs, saying that if there was to be trouble it would come in Depew's absence. He still advised avoidance of strike at all hazards, as the order could not support it. "Act on the following suggestion," he wrote. "Select from your men such as are good and reliable and secure places for them in the west. Then have them ask for shorter hours and higher pay. This the road will not grant. Then have them quit and take the new places secured for them. Do this secretly, and wait until Mr. Depew returns. He is a presidential candidate and would not care for a strike on his road."

Again under date of Aug. 6, Mr. Powderly says: "It is madness for the men on the Central to strike, they cannot win." He calls attention to the fact that 1892 will be a presidential year, and in 1893 the world's fair will be held, and for that reason the road wanted the trouble got out of the way at once. In conclusion he says: "We cannot assist you. Workingmen of this age cannot stand assessments. If the strike is inevitable let the men of the New York Central enter it with their eyes open."

Mr. Powderly was called and related his interview with Mr. Webb, but said nothing new. Pending the strike, he said, he had no interview with any of the road's officials.

The board announced that if neither side called Messrs. Voorhees, Bissell, Stevens or Lyons the board would do so to-morrow. Adjourned.

RETURNING TO WORK.

Some of the Central Strikers are Now in the Employ of the Road.

ALBANY, Sept. 3.—Around the West Albany yard and shops yesterday much interest was manifested among the Knights of Labor men concerning the effect of an invitation issued by the Central company Monday. It read: "Monday being Labor Day the shops will be closed, and those desirous of coming to work for the Central Hudson Railway company will report at their respective shops early on Tuesday morning."

Yesterday morning 300 men, union and non-union, reported for work. Among these were noticed knights who have been guarding the foot bridge ever since the tie-up. About one week ago there were 200 men at work in both the upper and lower depots, and yesterday about 500 men were at work. It is reported that four crews, all Knights of Labor men, went back to work in the yard. Considerable freight was moved yesterday.

Taking Back Their Old Men.

BUFFALO, Sept. 3.—The New York Central road is taking back some of its old switchmen and discharging new men. It is said that five were reinstated yesterday and that others were received and put to work to-day. Six of the new men who took strikers' places were discharged this morning because of incompetency.

PRICES CURRENT.

Review of the Stock, Money and Cattle Markets for Sept. 2.

Money on call loaned at 4 and 5 per cent.

Exchange quiet; posted rates, 482½@486; actual rates, 481½@481¼ sixty days and 485@485½ for demand.

Governments steady; currency sixes, 113¼ bid; fours coupon, 125¼ bid; four-and-a-halfs do, 104 bid.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

The following were the 4 p. m. figures.

Atchison	43¼	Mich. Central	106
C., B. & Q.	102½	N. Y. Central	107
C.,C.,C.& St.L.	70½	Northwestern	110¼
Del.& Hudson	143¾	Ohio & Miss.	31
D., L. & W.	145¼	Pacific Mail	45⅝
Erie	26¼	Rock Island	85⅝
Lake Shore	108¼	St. Paul	72⅝
L. & N.	89½	West. Union	84½

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—97c@$1.00.

CORN—47@54c.

WOOL—Unwashed fine merino, 17@18c; ¼-blood combing, 22@23c; medium delaine and clothing, 23@24c; braid, 17@18c; medium clothing, 23@24c; fleece-washed, fine merino X and XX, 28@29c; medium clothing, 30@31c; delaine, 30@31c.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3.40@3.75; fair, $2.25@3.75; common, $1.25@2.00.

HOGS — Selected butchers and heavy shipping, $4.50@4.60; fair to good packing, $4.35@4.50; common to rough, $3.50@4.00; fair to good light, $4.25@4.35; pigs, $3.75@4.25.

SHEEP—$3.50@5.00.

LAMBS—$3.25@6.00.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Extra, $4 25@4 45; prime, $4 05@4 20; good $3 70@3.95; common, $2 00@2.40.

HOGS—Best selected, $4.55@4 65, best Yorkers, $4 25@4.35, common, $4 00@4 15.

SHEEP—Extra, $5.00@5.20; good, $4.40@4.85; fair, $3.75@4.25; common, 2@3c; yearlings, 3@5c.

LAMBS—$4.50@6.00

Chicago.

HOGS—Light, $3 90@4.50; mixed, $3 85@4.40; heavy, $3 85@4 45.

CATTLE—Extra beeves, $4 60@5 00, steers, $3.50@4.50; mixed, $1.25@3.40, stockers and feeders, $2 25@3 25.

SHEEP—$3.50@5.00.

LAMBS—$4.50@6 00.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 2 red winter, $1.06¼@1 07¼; October, $1.04¼.

CORN—Mixed, 54¼@54¾c.

OATS—No. 2 mixed, 40¼c.

Toledo.

WHEAT — Cash, 95@95½c; October, $1.00½.

LIVERPOOL LABOR CONGRESS.

Second Day's Session of the Trades Unions' Meeting—Foreign News.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 3.—At the session of the trade unions' congress yesterday Mr. Watkin, president of the congress, delivered an address, in which he said he hoped the results of the congress would encourage a great labor revival. Never before in the history of trades unionism had there been such remarkable developments as had recently occurred. The time had undoubtedly arrived to energetically try to secure the working day of eight hours. He did not fear that an eight-hour day would injure British trade.

He did not think that a bill providing for such a working day should be forced through the house of commons immediately irrespective of the wishes and desires of the industries affected, but there was no reason why an eight-hour day should not be conceded immediately to those occupations which unmistakably wanted it. He advocated direct representation of labor in parliament, state control of the railways, and a solution of the land question by naturalization.

A resolution was offered by one of the delegates censuring the committee appointed by the last congress for its failure to draft a bill for presentation to the house of commons providing for a legal working day of eight hours, as it had been instructed to do by the congress. The resolution occasioned a stormy debate. A number of speakers warmly favored the adoption of the resolution of censure.

Mr. Henry Broadhurst, a delegate to the congress and member of the house of commons for West Nottingham, defended the action of the committee in not drafting and presenting the bill to the house. The resolution was finally rejected.

A meeting of delegates to the trades union congress was held yesterday evening for the purpose of taking steps to organize a fund for the striking Australian dockmen. Ben Tillett presided. He expressed the belief that the generous assistance given by the Australians to the London dockmen would now be repaid. The dockmen themselves, he said, would probably raise $75,000. A committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions from the general body of workmen. It is expected that large sums will thus be realized.

Drowned in a Freshet.

VIENNA, Sept. 3.—The Danube, the Inn, the Adda and the upper Rhine are rising rapidly and the unusual height of the floods threatens great damage. Several persons have been drowned by a freshet at Klosternenburg, near here.

Should Be Imitated.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Blackstone & Company, a large engineering firm of Stamford, has conceded to their employes a reduction in work of one hour daily and an advance of 5 per cent. in their wages.

Foreign Notes.

The Socialists of Berlin held a grand demonstration Sunday, to celebrate the anniversary of the death of Lasalle. The proceedings were orderly.

The intense heat which now prevails in Russia caused recently heavy destruction by fires, the loss from this cause being estimated at 500,000 roubles.

The extensive grain mills at Cassel, and a number of adjacent dwellings, have been burned. The workmen in the mills narrowly escaped with their lives.

Russia is increasing her garrisons in Poland. The additional troops are in many cases quartered in private or public buildings, owing to lack of room in the regular barracks.

Disastrous fires continue in Hungary The state forests of Ogradina have been burning for days. Many peasants have lost their dwellings and crops and are destitute.

There is an epidemic of robberies in Berlin. In one case $10,000 worth of bonds were stolen from an office. The thefts of jewelry from private residences aggregate a large sum. The police are generally censured for failing to prevent the occurrences.

The French army maneuvers opened Sunday in the north of France. Smokeless powder was used in firing. The smoke was nearly invisible. The detonation was as loud as that made by the old kind of powder, and was sharper and harsher.

BASE BALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At New York—New York 4, Cleveland 1.

At Boston—Boston 4, Chicago 4.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 14, Cincinnati 12

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 5, Pittsburg 4

PLAYERS' LEAGUE

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 13, Pittsburg 8.

At New York—New York 5 Buffalo 3

At New York—New York 11 Buffalo 12

At Boston—Boston 15, Cleveland 9

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 5 Chicago 5.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

At Syracuse—Syracuse 10, Toledo 8

At Wilmington—Athletic 3, St Louis 2.

At Rochester—Rochester 7, Louisville 3

At Baltimore—Baltimore 6, Columbus 6. Game called on account of darkness.

A Steamer on Fire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3. About 10 o'clock last night fire was discovered among cotton in the hold of the steamship Majestic, of the White Star line which sails to-morrow for Liverpool. About sixty bales of cotton were damaged by the fire. Many steerage passengers who were on board were panic stricken and hurried ashore. No one was injured. The loss is small.

Soap Factory Destroyed.

LANCASTER, Pa., Sept. 3. Fire last night destroyed the factory of the Miner [illegible] company, a large four-story brick building. Loss, $[illegible]; insurance, $9,000.

Buckeye State News.

Items of Interest from Various Places

A SICK MAN RECOVERING.

Captain J. C. Donalson, File Clerk of the United States Senate, Recovering from a Severe Spell of Sickness, and Will Soon Return to His Duties at Washington—Other State Dispatches.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 3.—Capt. J. C. Donaldson, file clerk of the United States senate, who was brought home to Ohio to die some months ago, will return to Washington this week to resume his duties.

While the captain cannot be said to be in robust health, he is much improved, and looks with a considerable degree of justifiable confidence for several years more of life and enjoyment. And hundreds of friends throughout the state will join in heartiest wishes for a complete recovery.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 3.—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state yesterday: The American Orthodox Hebrew congregation, Youngstown; The Stevens Dish Washing Machine company, Cleveland, capital stock $100,000; The Darbyville Agricultural society, Darbyville, Muhlenburg township, Pickaway county; Keller Post No. 128, Department of Ohio, Bucyrus.

Judge Dwyer Renominated.

DAYTON, O., Sept. 3.—The Democratic convention of the Second subdivision of this judicial district met here yesterday, with delegates in attendance from Darke, Preble, Butler and Montgomery counties. Capt. Joe Dowling called the convention to order, and Judge Dennis Dwyer was nominated for common pleas judge to succeed himself. The district gives about 4,000 Democratic plurality.

Married and Left.

CANTON, O., Sept. 3.—John Kirk and Annie Sollow were married at this place and was forced to leave the city at once by Annie McKinney, to whom Kirk was also engaged. Kirk worked in the Dueber-Hamden works and Miss McKinney says he has her money.

Prisoner Paroled.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 3.—Among those paroled out of the penitentiary yesterday was Lou Houk, the notorious confidence man, who killed one of his victims years ago on the Toledo express and escaped at the time by jumping from the train.

Now Making a Kick.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 3.—Professor T. C. Ryan, formerly of Belpre, was lately superceded as secretary of the Ohio canal commission, is now making war on Gen. Mitchell because of his discharge from the pension office.

Miners Ask an Advance.

NEW PORTAGE, O., Sept. 3.—A large convention yesterday of Tuscarawas miners at this place decided to demand an advance Sept. 15 from $1.57 to $2 for outside and from $2 to $2.50 for inside work.

Down an Elevator.

TIFFIN, O., Sept. 3.—Michael Kirchner fell down an elevator shaft here yesterday. His injuries are regarded fatal.

Soldier Accidentally Shot.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 3. — William Willis, of the United States barracks, was accidentally shot last night and cannot recover.

Small Town Destroyed by Fire.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 3.—News has reached here of a fire at Cocoa, a small town on the Indian river which destroyed nearly the whole town. Among the places burned were O. K. Woods' furniture store, J. R. Dickson & Brothers' warehouse, Stillings & Taylor's hardware store, Dr. Graff's jewelry store, the city meat market and half a dozen dwellings. The people are panic stricken and many are homeless.

Coal Train Wrecked.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 3.—A coal train on the New York, Ontario and Western road ran off the track at Mayville last night. A number of cars crashed into a small hotel standing close to the track, completely wrecked the building and killed William Lyons, who was inside. The tracks will be blocked for many hours. The train men escaped injury by jumping.

Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The senate resumed discussion of the tariff bill, taking up the sugar schedule. Mr. Carlisle gave notice early in the day that he would propose an amendment to strike out the entire sugar bounty paragraphs. Mr. Hale brought up his reciprocity amendment introduced last June and made a long speech in support of it. The discussion, mainly on reciprocity, lasted through the entire day. At 5:30 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 p. m., when the discussion was continued.

Proceedings of the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The house took up the Breckenridge-Clayton contested election case from Arkansas, but after brief statements by Messrs. Cooper and Wilson the case was laid aside, and Mr. Cannon made a statement of the probable surplus after all appropriations are made for the fiscal year 1891. He estimated a net surplus of $17,000,000.

Mr. Sayers, for the Democrats, also submitted an estimate in which he produced figures which he claimed would show a net deficiency of $11,500,000 for 1891. The house adjourned at 5:25 p. m.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —U. S. Government report August 17, 1889.

JOURNALISM IN MEXICO.

Old Order of Things Gradually Changing—Editor Duchos Talks.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Adolfo Duchos, one of the editors of El Universal, of City of Mexico, is in this city, and in an interview with a reporter gave an interesting account of affairs at present in the Aztec capital. For five years Mr. Duchos was exiled from Mexico for writing against the government of President Diaz, but matters were straightened out for him finally and he returned to Mexico to resume his profession. During his exile Mr. Duchos founded two Spanish papers in Texas—one at Austin, El Spectador, and the other at Eagle Pass, El Comercio.

"We have endeavored in the conduct of our paper," said Mr. Duchos, "to employ some of the American ideas of journalism. Heretofore news, as you understand it here, had no value among Mexican newspapers. The papers were perfectly content to publish the report of a New York occurrence, no matter how important, a week after it became public. What you call a beat here was unknown with our newspapers and reporters as such had practically no existence. We introduced a direct daily telegraph service, engaged reporters and did other things of this character and the result has amply justified the experiment.

"But in other things besides journalism a change is being wrought in Mexico. Gambling, for instance, which was formerly licensed, and for which one man held the exclusive privileges in return for a large tax collected by the district government, has been abolished since Dr. Ramon Fernandez, the new governor of the district, has come into power. During the feasts at Tacubaya, Mexico's famous suburban resort, where the biggest gambling establishment used to be, gambling is allowed, but only during these periods. In some things, however, the government is far behind your people here. For instance, the newspapers are not allowed to print the recount of a crime before they have the permission of the authorities.

"Recently one of our men worked up a case on the plan of the American reporter on his own account, and when the story was published, next day, he was promptly landed in jail, where he remained a long while. The officials claim that by printing the full story of a crime in advance of the arrest of the culprits, the latter will be enabled to get out of the way. In consequence, a heavy penalty is imposed for a violation of this law.

"It was rumored when I left Mexico that Senor Matias Romero, Mexico's minister at Washington, who is now on leave of absence at home, was to be given the treasury portfolio."

"Just as Good."
Say some dealers who try to sell a substitute preparation when a customer calls for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not allow any such false statements as this to induce you to buy what you do not want. Remember that the only reason for making it is that a few cents more profit will be made on the substitute. Insist upon having the best medicine—Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is Peculiar to Itself.

How's Your Liver?
Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.
NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.
As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.
W. J. McELROY, Macon, Ga.

The Marion Daily Star.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

—BY—

W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:

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Delivered by Carrier......10 Cts. per Week

WEDNESDAY, - - SEPTEMBER 3.

NEXT week the democratic wrestle over the congressional nomination will come to a finish. The indications now are said to point to a victory for our own B. G. Young, who stands in a fair way to become the democracy's leader in the Eighth district. Mr. Young wears an air of satisfaction that indicates his confidence in securing the plum and he gives no evidence of any termerity about locking horns with Charley Foster for the election. At any rate the fun is in sight.

THE exodus from the penitentiary continues. Among the latest notorious criminals let out is Lou Hout, who was sent up only about six years ago on a six years ago on a fifteen year's sentence for murder, a case with which most of the STAR readers are familar. Houk killed Paul Lohman and it was a long period before fine work and great expense bought about his capture. The penitentiary doesn't seem to be answering anything like its purpose when such desperate men as he is are liberated before serving half their time.

OUR esteemed friend, Col. Jim Swinnerton, who is now located in Dallas, Texas, clips an editorial from the STAR of August 57, in which reference was made to McKinley's re-nomination and returns it with an offer to bet "dollars to doughnuts" that he is neither reelected to congress nor the next governor of Ohio. We fear Col. Swinnerton has sadly fallen from grace since going to the Lone Star State, for his remarks indicate an inclination to the teachings of the great Roger Q. Mills. At any rate we can't accept a bet of dollars to doughnuts, for we don't know what doughnuts are worth in Texas.

A Brute of a Father.

The city of Kostroma, Russia, has a sensation of its own in the shape of a cruel father, Egor Alexieff Smirnoff by name, and a drosky driver by profession. The son of Smirnoff, a boy of 10 years, failed to pass the examination at his school. Being afraid to come home with the report of his ill success he concealed himself for two days. But his father found him and chained him to the wall of a dark, moist, dirty room which was full of vermin. In the corner of the room there was a lair of rotten straw.

He was kept in that condition for fully six days, until his mother could no longer endure the sight of his suffering, and took courage to report the case to the police authorities. The boy was liberated and taken to the hospital, and his father was arrested. On further examination the room in which the poor boy was chained was found to be a regular chamber of horrors. There were rings fastened to the ceiling and in the floor, by which Smirnoff would hang up his children by their hands and feet, or stretch them in a manner that they could not struggle or protect themselves, when he inflicted chastisement on them with a knout.—St. Petersburg Letter.

Rampant White Caps.

The White Caps of New Mexico continue so audacious that Governor Prince has issued a proclamation calling upon them to disband. He declares that if they do not do so he will order out the territorial militia, and if necessary call upon the United States troops. This band of regulators style themselves knights of labor, and have organized lodges throughout the San Miguel country, until they now have a membership of 1,500. They have without any legal cause destroyed hundreds of miles of fences, turned herds of cattle loose, burned thousands of tons of hay and destroyed other property, while several men who have opposed them have been seriously wounded by some unseen assassin or have mysteriously disappeared. —Chicago Herald.

Chewing Gum Seized.

Several months ago a chewing gum factory at Cleveland, O., conceived the idea of making a new brand of gum, wrapping it in imitation $5 greenbacks and calling it "Greenback Chewing Gum." It was put on the market and made a hit, large lots being sold. A government detective who chews gum bought a stick of the brand, and he at once saw in the imitation $5 bill a violation of the statutes of the United States. He notified the treasury department at Washington of his discovery, and this telegram was sent out to all the district secret service officers: "'Greenback Chewing Gum' has a wrapper that is a violation of section 5,430. Suppress it." Large seizures of the article were made and the sale stopped.

Fatal Fight Between Kentucky Boys.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 3.—At a dance at Burnsville, near Hopkinsville, Saturday, James, Frank and Jesse Higgins, three brothers of bad repute had a fight with two boys 14 and 16, named Livingston. James Higgins was killed and Jesse fatally wounded. Frank fled. The Livingstons made their escape. [illegible] borne a good name and are believed to have acted on the defensive. [illegible] rel arose over a little trade.

[illegible] to Mourn.

Snaggs—[illegible] Baggs' [illegible] you for [illegible]

Baggs—[illegible]

Snaggs—[illegible] By Jove, I wouldn't have [illegible]

Baggs—Why not? [illegible] a man be a dentist and be respectable?—Burlington Free Press.

—J. L. Brocklesby was over from Caledonia today on business.

—Harry N. Cook and Anna J. Crabb have been licensed to marry.

—The county commissioners were in regular monthly session Tuesday and today.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Criswell drove over to Mt. Gilead to spend the day with relatives.

—Court convened this afternoon and took up the case of Brodie, guardian, against Brownlee.

—Mr and Mrs. H. True and son have arrived home after a very pleasant vacation at Catawba Island.

—S. S. Fox has been confined to his room for a few days, having injured himself in some heavy lifting.

—George M. Dedrick has gone to Wabash, Ind., to spend a few days. Mrs. Dedrick has been there for the past week.

—Edward L. True and family, of Schuyler, Neb., are visiting in the city, guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Christian.

—Rev. Cocklin, of DeGraff, Ohio, and former pastor of the Evangelical church on South street, will preach this evening at 7:30. All invited.

—Ed. Powers left today to return to Colorado, going by way of Chicago. Ed. persists in saying that Colorado is the greatest country on earth.

—Quarterly meeting of the U. B. church will be held in this city next Saturday and Sunday. Elder H. A. Bovey, of Westerville, will preside.

—Mrs. Eliza Worline, of Delaware county, who is 76 years of age, is lying in a critical condition with consumption, at the home of her son at Owen.

—Elsewhere in this issue will be found notice of the low rates offered by the C., H. V. and T. R'y to Columbus for those desiring to attend the State Fair.

—Members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union are requested to be present at the weekly meeting tomorrow (Thursday) at 3 o'clock. L. H. UHLER, Secretary.

—A large crowd was attracted to the court house square today noon by the excellent music of the Kindergarden band. To hear their orchestra go to Music Hall tonight.

—Mrs. L. A. Dilwarth, of Rome county, W. Va., accompanied by Miss Nannie Bays, is visiting her sister, Mrs. B. F. Davis, who is still quite sick at her home on Girard avenue.

—Rev. Powers, of Paulding county, a local minister of the U. B. church, has removed his family to this city, on east South street, where they will reside in future. Mr. Powers returned to his old home today, where he has business interests.

—Col. Brown, of Cardington, was attending the reunion Tuesday and remained over today to talk with some of the old boys of the 96th Regiment O. V. I., of which he was colonel. Mr. Brown was the guest of his nephew, C. A. Moore, while in the city.

How the Goldenrod Blooms.

The Listener, in one or two trips which he has made this summer up into the mountains, and into Maine as far as Augusta, has noticed a phenomenon which has now become quite familiar to him, but which a good many other people to whom he has spoken on the matter have failed to notice: namely, that the period of blooming of the goldenrod does not begin first in the south and move northward, but apparently in the other direction, from north to south. In some places in northern Vermont and New Hampshire no goldenrod of the common field and railroad track variety was in profuse bloom by the 10th of July. On the Kennebec river the other day the goldenrod was much more golden and less tinged with green still than it is in Malden or Cambridge. And the place where the plant is latest of all in yellowing, apparently, is Cape Cod, where the dwarf seaside variety, most common there, hardly begins to do itself justice before September. It is possible that the northern goldenrod ripens before that farther south for the same reason that Indian corn ripens earlier in Vermont than it does in Virginia—it has got to ripen earlier if it is going to ripen at all.—Boston Transcript.

Low Rates to the Ohio State Fair.

The Ohio State Fair opens Sept. 15th, and closes Sept 19th, for which occasion the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railway will sell excursion tickets from Marion to Columbus and return at the very low rate of $1.40 for the round trip. Tickets will be good going on all regular and special trains from Sept 15th to 19th inclusive, and good returning until Saturday, Sept 20th, inclusive.

On Sept 16th, 17th and 18th, a special train will leave Marion at 5 40 a m., arriving at Columbus 7 35 a m.; returning special train will leave Columbus at [illegible] p m, running as far north as Upper Sandusky only. Other trains leave Columbus at 5 00 a m and 10 05 a m and 7 45 p m. The State Fair will be more attractive than ever this year. Acres of machinery will be in motion, trotting, pacing and [illegible] races each day. Don't fail to attend the State Fair.

Sent to the Reform Farm.

Deputy Sheriff Rice was out at LaRue Wednesday and arrested Thomas J. Oehler, a boy 15 years of age and son of Christian Oehler. Young Oehler was brought to town and had a hearing before the probate judge on the charge of stealing a revolver from [illegible]. The boy was also charged with incorrigibility by his father and as a consequence he was sentenced to the reform farm at Lancaster, where he was taken today by Sheriff Kelly.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Some Interesting Facts About the Zoological Gardens of the World.

The greatest zoological garden in the world is that in London, being situated in the very heart of the city, and a public street running through it which divides it into two sections. Walls are erected along the street and visitors go from one section to another by means of a tunnel passing under the street. The grounds comprise about sixty acres, and are well filled with buildings, ponds, etc. There are real beaver ponds, aviaries, bear pits, monkey houses, in short, a place for everything in the animal line. This park was opened in 1828, and during the last five years the annual number of visitors has averaged about [illegible], while in 1886 there were added to the collection of animals 1,528.

The Berlin park is ranked by naturalists next to that of London, and the two in Paris, if combined, would make one as extensive as any in the world.

In the United States the Philadelphia "Zoo" is the most extensive so far as buildings and collections go, and the inclosure comprises thirty-three acres of Fairmount park. The Cincinnati Zoological park embraces sixty-five acres of suburban land and was opened in 1875. The Chicago gardens are in the central part of the city, and have one of the finest herds of buffalo to be seen. In New York the collection of animals are kept in Central park. There are in all forty-eight zoological gardens in the world, six of them being in the United States.

Curious Facts About the Camphor Tree.

The new smokeless gunpowder which has been invented in Europe and a number of other articles are being manufactured from camphor. These new departures have created an unusual demand for camphor, and the camphor tree in consequence is an object of considerable interest.

The camphor tree, C. officinarum, from which the product is derived, is a native of Japan, China and Formosa. The tree, according to California Fruit Grower, does fully as well in California as in those countries, in fact in some sections grows much more rapidly. These fine trees are to be found in ornamental grounds and yards in nearly every part of the state, they having proven to be entirely hardy, free from insects of all sorts, and not over particular regarding culture, soil and location. The obtaining of the camphor of commerce is attended by the severe pruning of the trees.

In Japan the camphor is extracted by chopping the wood of the branches and sometimes the trunk of the tree into small fragments, which are introduced into a still with water. Heat is applied, and the resulting steam generated carries the camphor gum with it in vapor. This vapor is made to pass through fine straw, around which the camphor solidifies, and is deposited in minute grains or crystals of the general appearance of raw sugar. This accumulation is camphor in its impure state. To purify it the granules are detached from the straw and about ten pounds of the substance is introduced into a large globular glass vessel. This is heated, and the first steam that arises is allowed to escape through a small aperture. This aperture is then closed, and the camphor resolidifies in the upper part of the vessel, forming a large cake and leaving all impurities behind. The flask is cooled and broken by throwing cold water upon it, and the camphor when taken out is ready for market.

Ratio of Gold and Silver.

There are two distinct bases for our currency of different intrinsic value. The gold dollar and the silver dollar are by statute declared to be equally the unit of value, and to be equally valuable, yet everybody knows that this is a fiction. Moreover, all experience shows that there cannot be, for any considerable length of time, a constant ratio between the exchangeable values of gold and silver. The statutory ratio is 1 to 16, that is to say, the law fixes the weight of the silver dollar at 16 times that of a gold dollar. The real ratio of their value in the world's commerce is about 1 to 23 at present, and may be, five years hence, 1 to 30, for aught we know, or 1 to 12. In ancient Egypt the ruler fixed it at 1 to 2½, throughout the east, in the fifth century, it varied from 1 to 6 to 1 to 8, Herodotus states it at 1 to 13; in the time of Plato and Xenophon in Greece it was 1 to 16, this was about the ratio in Europe in the sixteenth century, though it was at times 1 to 11 or 1 to 12. In the eighteenth century it became about 1 to 14, and in the earlier part of the present century it stood 1 to 15 or 1 to 15½. These facts show the absolute impossibility of fixing by law a ratio which shall correspond continuously to that regulated by the law of supply and demand, says The Jewelers' Review, authority for the foregoing.

Effects of Musical Sounds on Animals.

"Sometime since," says a correspondent in American Naturalist, "I had an ordinary tortoise shell cat which had a peculiar fondness for the tune known as 'Rode's Air.' One day I chanced to whistle it, when without any previous training she jumped on my shoulder and showed unmistakable signs of pleasure by rubbing her head against mine, and trying to get as near my mouth as possible. I have tried many other tunes, but with no avail." Captain Noble, of Forest Lodge, Macclesfield, England, states that he formerly had a cat which displayed a corresponding sensitiveness, but it was only by plaintive tunes that she was affected. When such an air was whistled she would climb up and try to get her mouth as close as possible to [illegible] whistling. "I used as a rule," says Captain Noble, "to whistle 'The Last Rose of Summer' when I wished her to [illegible]. I never could satisfy myself as to [illegible] motive in placing her mouth to [illegible]. The most feasible theory, but I [illegible] to [illegible] to be that she [illegible] me to be in pain and in some way tried either to soothe me or to stop my whistling."

Derivation of the Name Alexandrines.

[illegible] Alexandrines is most probably derived from an old French poem on Alexander the Great, belonging to the [illegible] Thirteenth century, and signifies [illegible] verses consisting each of [illegible] measures. This [illegible] the poem [illegible] has become [illegible] verse of the [illegible] is divided [illegible] the sixth [illegible]. The only [illegible] written wholly [illegible] Drayton's "Polyolbion."

The First Balloon Ascensions.

[illegible] made the first balloon [illegible] Paris Nov. 21 1783. His [illegible] heated air. Dec [illegible] was made by M. Charles, [illegible] of natural philosophy [illegible] about the same time [illegible] were also made by Messrs. Rittenhouse and Hopkins, of Philadelphia, hydrogen gas being used in these instances for inflating purposes.

Two Hundred Years Hence.

[Scene—Library of an elderly gentleman, somewhere in Australia. Old gentleman telegraphs to kitchen and waiter is shot up in a pneumatic tube.]

Old Gentleman—John, fly over to Calcutta and tell Mr. Johnson that I shall be happy to have him sup with me. Never mind your coat—go.

John leaves, and at the end of five minutes returns.

John—Mr. Johnson says he will come. He has got to go to St. Petersburg for a moment, and then he will be here.

Old Gentleman—Very well, John, now start the machine for setting the table, and telesceme to my wife's room to tell her that Mr. J. is coming. Then brush up my balloon, for I have an engagement in New York at 12 o'clock.

John flies, and the old gentleman runs over to New York, pausing at the West Indies to take his daily drink of fresh tamarind water, the fashionable cure all of that time.—Chatter.

Showed Him How It Worked.

Exchange Fiend—How d'do? Been any spring poets in here to-day? Ha! ha! Heavens and earth! What d'you throw that ink bottle at me for?

Editor—Nothing. Sit down. I just had the springiest poet in here that you ever saw. He was sitting in that chair you are in now, when suddenly he gave a yell and sprang about seven feet in one jump and bolted out of the door.

Exchange Fiend—What was the matter with him?

Editor—Well you see there is a hole in the bottom of the chair, and under it is a pin fastened to this string on my desk, and I simply took hold of the string and gave it a sudden jerk, just like this—what's the matter? Going, are you? Well, good day.—West Shore.

He Got the Laugh.

Physician (who thinks his patient, a college professor, more in need of recreation than drugs, but has written a prescription for a mild tonic)—Here is a prescription, professor, but what you need is a good hearty laugh.

College Professor (glancing at the paper) —Ha, ha, ha! Ho, ho, ho!

"Eh? What are you laughing at?"

"Your Latin."—Life.

In Suspense.

Dillenback—What's wrong, old fellow?

Budley—I'm almost crazy. I sent a phonograph cylinder to my broker asking him whether he thought I was a blamed fool, and another one to Miss Willets asking her to marry me, and I don't know which of them this answer is from.

Dillenback—What does it say?

Budley—Simply "Yes."—Judge.

No Notice Taken of It.

First Tramp—I don't see why our names don't get inter the papers, Bill.

Second Tramp—Why should they?

First Tramp—Well, I read today that a dinner was given to some big man in New York a day or two ago. We get dinners given to us every day, and nothing is ever said about it. Folks is prejudiced, Bill.—Munsey's Weekly.

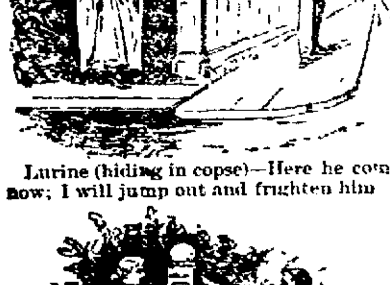
Sympathetic.

An old man nearly blind calls on an oculist and requests him to examine his eyes.

"Well," remarks the man of science, "I don't see anything."

"Great heavens, doctor! you don't say so? Why, you're as badly off as I am!"—Judge.

Love's Surprise.



Lurine (hiding in copse)—Here he comes now; I will jump out and frighten him.

Lurine (jumping out)—Boo, Charlie!—Racket.

The Year Round.

Mrs. De Languile—It's easy telling that spring is here. I have that tired feeling, and horror of exertion.

Mr. De Languide—I think it must be a perpetual spring with you, then.—Munsey's Weekly.

But One.

"Now, Mrs. Taylor, you will excuse me, but before taking your son into my own employ, I should like to inquire as to whether he has any bad habits."

"Well, no, sir, except dyspepsia."—Harper's Bazar.

His Weak Spot.

"Why is it that your friend has never succeeded in [illegible]?"

"[illegible]"

"[illegible]"

"[illegible]"—[illegible] Times.

Thwarted.

When first we [illegible] was agreed

That we sh[illegible]

She thought [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] of his

Impertinent [illegible]

A blind [illegible]

A Friend [illegible]

So in the [illegible]

She let [illegible]

Meanwhile [illegible] she traced

[illegible]

And [illegible]

[illegible]

Was that [illegible] and

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

That [illegible] and man

Grow into [illegible]

I told her so. [illegible]

Her modest love [illegible]

Her face upon my breast she hid

And Cupid asked the blessing.

—Harper's Bazar.

Two Different Decisions.

B[illegible] afternoon [illegible] the B[illegible] the regular umpire [illegible] for the [illegible] game, and Nagle of the Chicagos was selected. After the first half of the first inning had been played Fessenden, the regular official, arrived. The Bostons insisted on Fessenden relieving Nagle, but Chicago objected, and Nagle gave the Bostons notice that he would forfeit the game to Chicago unless the game was proceeded with. The Bostons refused, and Nagle decided the game forfeited to Chicago 9 to 0. Fessenden in the meantime [illegible] upon the Chicagos to proceed, under penalty of forfeiture, and as they also refused, he gave the game to Boston 9 to 0.

Election in Vermont.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 3.—Fifty towns of 243 give Page, [illegible]; Brigham, 4,982; Allen, 240. The same towns in 1888 gave Dillingham, Republican, 12,534; Shurtleff, Democrat, 4,477; all others, 527. The Republican majority over all, in towns so far heard from, is 3,373, against 7,750 in 1888. If the vote in the remaining towns correspond with that of those heard from the Republican majority will be the smallest since the institution of biennial elections.

A Good Nurse

Should not hesitate to wait upon those ill with such diseases as small-pox, cholera or scarlet fever. There is little to be feared by persons waiting on the sick if they will use Darbys Prophylactic Fluid freely. In sick rooms it should be exposed on a plate or saucer, and the patient sponged off with the Fluid diluted. For safety, cleanliness and comfort in the sick room the fluid is indispensable.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. Distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels, are some of the more common symptoms. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet surely and efficiently. It tones the stomach and other organs, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, and by thus overcoming the local symptoms removes the sympathetic effects of the disease, banishes the headache, and refreshes the tired mind.

Distress After Eating

Sick Headache

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. In an hour after eating I would experience a faintness, or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble, I think, was aggravated by my business, which is that of a painter, and from being more or less shut up in a room with fresh paint. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla—took three bottles. It did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

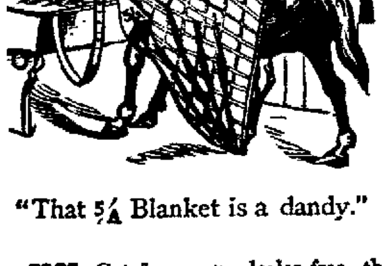
Heart-burn

Sour Stomach

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar



"That 5/A Blanket is a dandy."

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

Ask for
- 5/A Five Mile
- 5/A Boss Stable
- 5/A Electric
- 5/A Extra Test

30 other styles at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL

Manuf'd by WM. AYRES & SONS, Philada., who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets.

Local Time Card.

ERIE.

☞ The Erie can not afford to pay for having its time card printed, hence it is omitted.

BIG FOUR.

In effect on and after May 18, 1890.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 3	1 42 a. m	No. 1[illegible]	8 41 a. m
No. 7	[illegible]	No. 2	6 05 p. m.
No. 9	1[illegible] a. m	No. 18	6 44 p. m.
No. 17	4 17 a. m.	No. 8	3 22 a. m
No. 51, local	7 [illegible] a. m	No. 5[illegible], local	2.25 p. m
No. 5[illegible], *M Ac	[illegible]	No. 52, *M Ac	3 45 p. m

*Marion accommodation, runs no farther west than this city.

C., H. V. AND T.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
No. 31	8 20 am	No. 30	5 40 am
No. 33	11 [illegible] am	No. 32	9 15 am
No. 35	5 [illegible] pm	No. 34	1 14 [illegible]m
No. 37	11 1[illegible] pm	No. 36	[illegible] 43 [illegible]m

All trains run Sunday but 34 and 33. Trains 30 and 37 run only between Marion and Columbus.

C. AND A.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	9 3[illegible] a. m.	No. 8	11 30 p. m.
No. 5	12 35 p. m	No. 2	7 00 p. m.
No. 3	11 20 p. m.	No. 12	4 20 a. m.
No. 7	3 15 p. m.	No. 6	11 20 a. m.

LOOK HERE!

Now is your chance for securing the best bargains in

PAPERING!

Ever offered in Marion. Come and see for yourself. I can furnish WALL PAPER and hang it for you at the

Lowest Prices Ever Offered.

A nice line of Paper to select from and always some one to show you goods. Office and room, first door west of the STAR office.

M. DUDLEY.

Painting and Papering are Our Specialties.

VAUGHAN & ALLEN,

PLUMBERS!

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

226 North Main Street.

In order that we may not carry a large stock of hose over winter we are selling 15c and 16c hose for 13c a foot; hose carriage thrown in with every 100 feet. We guarantee this hose for one year. Lawn sprinklers at cost.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

A Site for the Fair

Has been the interesting theme discussed by thousands in the past few months. I wish to interest you in a discussion. "The Site for the Fair," meaning, of course, the Ladies of Marion, is the Delightful Display of New Styles in

LADIES' FOOTWEAR

Now on view at our store. I can fit any foot, furnish any style of Shoe and guarantee all work to be of the best. I want to

MATCH THE CHICAGO FEAT

Of winning the World's Fair by a greater feat—winning the custom of the Fair of Marion. If I can win I can hold it by quality and prices.

JOHN H. STOLL,

SOUTH MAIN STREET, - - - - MARION, OHIO.

WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,

THE LEADING

MERCHANT TAILORS,

ARE NOW SHOWING ALL THE

Novelties and Staples of the Season

IN

Fall and Winter Goods!

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

COAL! COAL!

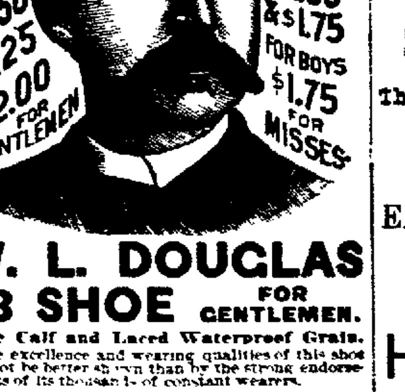
Buy your Coal at once from

PRENDERGASTS

And save Twenty-five Per Cent.

COAL! COAL!

CAUTION W. L. Douglas Shoes are warranted, and every pair has his name and price stamped on bottom



W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Fine Calf and Laced Waterproof Grain.

The excellence and wearing qualities of this shoe cannot be better shown than by the strong endorsements of its thousands of constant wearers.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, an elegant and stylish Dress Shoe which commends itself.

$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt. A fine calf Shoe unequalled for style and durability.

$3.50 Goodyear Welt is the standard dress Shoe at a popular price.

$3.50 Policeman's Shoe is especially adapted for railroad men, farmers, etc.

All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

$3 & $2 SHOES FOR LADIES,

have been most favorably received since introduced and the recent improvements make them superior to any shoes sold at these prices.

Ask your Dealer, and if he cannot supply you send direct to factory enclosing advertised price, or a postal for order blanks.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

SOLD BY

J. E. RHOADS.

BIG 4

HARVEST EXCURSIONS!

—TO THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST,

SOUTH,

Southwest and Southeast.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Ry.

—WILL SELL—

ROUND TRIP

EXCURSION - TICKETS!

To all prominent points in the West and Northwest, South, Southwest and Southeast

—AT—

HALF RATES

—ON—

Tuesday, September 9th,

Tuesday, September 23d,

Tuesday, October 14th,

All tickets good returning thirty days from date of sale. This is a glorious opportunity for Home Seekers to visit the territory named, and we would invite correspondence on the subject. For full information call on or address

E. A. DOMBAUGH,

Agt. C., C., C. and St. L. Ry., Marion, O.

D. B. MARTIN,

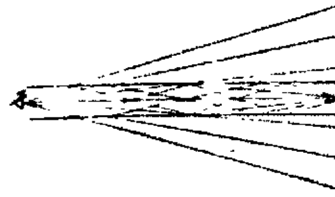
General Passenger Agent.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SUBJECTS OF GENERAL INTEREST PRESENTED IN BRIEF FORM.

Experiments with a Glass Tube That Give a Very Correct Idea of Repeated Reflection of Light and Afford Also a Source of Amusement.

Procure a glass tube, about three-quarter inch in diameter and twelve inches long, and paint the outside with black varnish. If this is not convenient cover the tube with thick black cloth, and fasten it down with mucilage, taking care to have the cloth square at the ends. Punch a hole in a stout card with the sharp point of a pair of scissors, and with a knife make the ragged edges of the hole smooth. Hold the card at one end of the tube, so that the hole will come just at the center of the opening, and then, while facing a window or a bright lamp, look through the tube with one eye, and you will see a spot of light surrounded by a number of beautiful rings.



EXPERIMENTS WITH A GLASS TUBE.

Here we have an example of multiplied reflection. The light entering the tube through the hole in the card falls on the smooth surface of the interior of the tube, and appears to the eye in the form of rings. The cut represents a section of the tube and shows the paths the different rays of light take, and shows how each is reflected from side to side till they all meet in the eye. The dotted lines and the rings projected beyond the tube show how they appear to the eye. By studying this drawing carefully and trying cross cuts and slits in the card in place of the single hole you will get a very correct idea of repeated reflection, and find the tube a source of considerable amusement, according to Mayer & Barnard, from whose work on "Lights" our cut is a reprint.

Protector Against Miasmatic Exhalations.

A practical point not entirely unknown before, but confirmed by Mr. Stanley's recent journey, is the protection against malaria afforded by trees, tall shrubbery or even a high wall or close screen around a house, between it and the wind currents. Emin Pasha told him that he always took a mosquito curtain with him, as he believed that it was an excellent protector against miasmatic exhalations of the night, and Stanley thereupon suggests a respirator, attached to a veil or face screen of muslin, to assist in mitigating malarious effects for travelers in open regions. These facts would tend to confirm the view that malarial affections are really caused by a microbe living in the air which is unable to pass by mechanical obstructions in its path, says Popular Science News.

A Drill to Cut Square Holes.

Two machines are now on exhibition in London for drilling square holes. Engineering describes them as bearing a general resemblance to drilling machines, but the spindle, instead of revolving in close fitting bearings, has a peculiar motion which causes it to cut out a square hole. In the earlier type of machine the spindle is fed down through a long rotating sleeve. The sleeve is made to follow a path of peculiar form by means of a cam at each end running in a square hole. There are a separate pair of cams and a separate tool for each size of hole to be drilled. The later form of machine is simpler in its construction, and will drill any size hole within the range which it covers.

The Height of Ocean Waves.

A sensitive aneroid barometer, to which a recording apparatus was fitted, has been employed by floating it on the surface of the water to measure the height of ocean waves. By this ingenious plan it is made to appear that waves attain a height of forty feet from trough to crest in a fairly heavy sea, and probably very much more in violent gales.

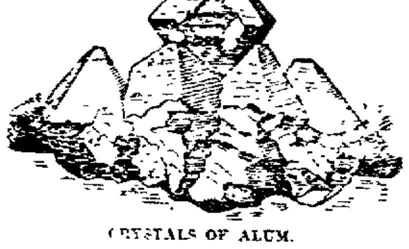
Lighting the Binnacles of Ships.

The attempt recently made in the United States navy to light the binnacles of ships with electricity, according to reports made, was not successful. By bringing an incandescent lamp close to the compass it seems a deflection of the needles could be produced.

Crystallization.

When bodies pass slowly from the liquid to the solid state, their molecules, instead of becoming grouped in a confused manner, generally acquire a regular order and arrangement, in virtue of which these bodies assume the geometrical shapes of cubes, pyramids and prisms, etc., which are perfectly definite, and are known as crystals. Flakes of snow, sugar candy, common salt, alum, etc., afford common instances of crystallization.

Two methods are in use for crystallizing substances: the dry way and the moist way. Ganot tersely explains these as follows: By the first method bodies are melted by heat and then allowed to cool slowly. The vessel in which the operation is performed becomes lined with crystals, which are made apparent by inverting the vessel and pouring out the excess of liquid before the whole of it is melted. Sulphur, bismuth and many other metals are thus easily crystallized. The second method consists in dissolving in hot water the substance to be crystallized, so as to form a saturated solution, which is then allowed to cool slowly. The body is thereby deposited on the sides of vessels in crystals, which are larger and better shaped the more slowly the crystallization is effected. In this manner sugar, candy and salts are crystallized. The cut represents a mass of crystals of alum obtained in this way.



CRYSTALS OF ALUM.

Ginger Beer.

One gallon of water, two pounds of lump sugar, two ounces of cream of tartar, one pound of ginger; boiled together for three-quarters of an hour. Add the juice and rind of two lemons. Spread a little yeast on top, let it work and when cold bottle it.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Bedroom Furnishing — A Pretty Rose Room and a Dainty Room in Yellow.

A pretty rose room has the walls covered with plain cartridge paper in a pale rose tint, with a deep frieze of wild roses on a cream ground, a picture molding dividing the two. The window hangings are of pink satine, with a full ruffle of the same at the edge, and pane curtains of white dotted Swiss are placed next the window. A comfortable couch is covered with the satine and piled high with pillows in the same colorings, while the bedstead, which is painted white, has a spread and round bolster of the same. The floor has a white matting of fine weave, and Japanese cotton rugs in dull tones are used wherever necessary. A simple screen, painted white, is filled in with panels of rose colored silk, and down pillows covered with old red corduroy fill the wicker chairs.

According to The Decorator and Furnisher this scheme of furnishing may be followed out at a comparatively slight expense. An iron bedstead painted white, with brass trimmings, which looks very well, is only $10. Old and discarded furniture, if scraped with a piece of glass and sand paper until smooth, may be painted white with the enamel or porcelain finish, and have quite the effect of a new set.

A yellow room, described by the journal already mentioned, is arranged by covering the wall surface with a pale yellow paper, with a deep frieze of yellow flowers, daffodils, narcissus, etc., on a cream ground. Plain yellow matting of good tone comes at moderate rates, and if for a winter room white fur rugs have a very handsome effect with it. The couch in this room may have a cover of cretonne, cream ground, with large yellow flowers and pillows for the back of the same, and the furniture may be of willow or of plain pine painted white.

A sitting room decorated in this way has a narrow pine shelf three and one-half feet from the floor, running around the entire wall. This is painted white to match the wood work, and serves to hold pictures, bric-a-brac, books, etc. The shelf, which is placed over the mantel piece, is five feet from the floor, and this is draped with a pale yellow scarf, and holds an engraving and some pieces of china in yellow. All the china is yellow or white, and the table covers are white, with yellow silk embroidery.

The beauty of a bedroom does not consist in the costliness of the furniture and other appointments, but solely in its harmoniousness and suitability. An iron bedstead painted white, with canopy and spread of a pretty chintz, will look far better than a brass bedstead in a room whose other furniture is of a simple character.

A Fashionable Garden Seat.

Our readers are doubtless familiar with the ordinary wicker work garden seats so convenient and enjoyable during the warm season. Being very light these seats can be moved around and placed in any desired position and are invaluable for invalids.

UPHOLSTERED GARDEN SEAT.

Our cut shows a pretty English addition to the garden seat, consisting of a frame work with loose cover of striped ticking which can be easily removed and affords protection from sun and wind. The seat is of stout basket work, stained and varnished, with a loose cushion of waterproof canvas.

A Nice Breakfast Dish.

A nice and easily prepared breakfast dish may be made in the following manner: Chop up any cold fish you may have had left over from dinner of the previous day, boil a little milk, thicken it with a large spoonful of flour rubbed into a little butter or nice drippings; season with pepper, salt and parsley; stir into the fish; then let all stand together for a few moments. Toast a few slices of bread, lay them on a dish and pour the stew over them. As it is often so hard to think what to have for breakfast housekeepers will welcome this recipe, which cannot fail to be appreciated.

Worth Remembering.

Eggs that are to be used in cake should be put into cold water in summer, while you are making your preparations, until you are ready to use them. Then break each one separately into a cup, to see if it is good; but by breaking all into the dish you beat them in you risk the whole by one egg. If good turn it into the dish and proceed the same with the others.

Blackberry Pudding.

For blackberry pudding make a stiff batter with one-half cupful of sour cream, one even teaspoonful of soda, one heaping tablespoonful of sugar, a little salt and sifted flour. Stir into it lightly one pint of nice ripe blackberries, steam three-quarters of an hour and serve with cream and sugar.

In the Kitchen.

It is convenient to have an iron holder attached by a long string to the band of the apron when cooking. It saves burnt fingers or scorched aprons, and is always at hand.

A spatula or palette knife is the best thing for scraping batter, porridge, etc., from the sides of bowls or pots. It is not expensive, and soon saves its cost by preventing waste.

Keep a clasp knife, or a knife with a handle different from those in common use, for the sole purpose of peeling onions, and so avoid the flavor and odor of them where it is neither expected nor desired.

Half a teaspoonful of sugar will nearly always revive a dying fire, and, unlike the few drops of coal oil which servants are so fond of using, and which have caused so many sad accidents, is perfectly safe.

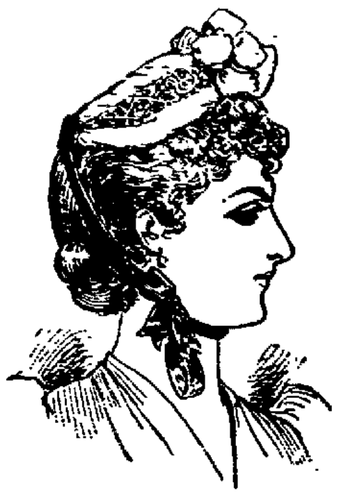
Fasten one of the cheap, three fold towel racks securely to the kitchen wall, near the stove, and it will serve to hang your jelly bag, which should be provided with four loops of strong tape in place of the usual strings. Slip the two loops opposite each other on the outer arms of the rail and the alternate ones on the middle arm. You will find it far more convenient than tying the bag to the backs or legs of chairs. —Good Housekeeping.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Choice Millinery, Including Picturesque Broad Brimmed Hats, Coquettish Little Bonnets and Stylish Sailor Hats. The Duchess of Fife Bonnet.

That which fashionable women desire to obtain in way of hats and bonnets is a headgear which displays their charms to the best advantage, and at the same time is distinctly different from what their friends have. The consequence is the choice in millinery is a large one.



DUCHESS OF FIFE BONNET.

There are coquettish little bonnets and there are black bonnets; there are picturesque broad brimmed hats and stylish sailor hats. Apropos of the last mentioned it may be told that bands of red and blue ribbon encircle many of the sailor hats. A quite new shape of hat is small and close, the exact form of a beef eater's, with an inch taken off the brim and two inches off the depth of the crown, which at the top was wider than at the base.

In our cut is illustrated the Duchess of Fife bonnet. As may be seen, this has a sloping crown covered with turquoise blue china crepe which forms waved puffings in front, intermingled with gold lisse. A band of jeweled galon is used as a diadem. This charming bonnet is tied with velvet ribbon strings.

Summer Jewelry.

Summer jewelry is the prettiest thing that has appeared in a long time. Elsie Bee, in Jewelers' Circular, describes it as follows:

It is of enameled silver in all the new interlaced and geometrical forms, and the prevailing tints are white and turquoise blue. These are used in combination, relieving one another daintily. The divergence from these forms is in knotted rope designs of white enamel, suggesting yachting costumes, and of course the sentimental heart, suggesting strolls on the beach and down the mountain side.

The flowers in white enamel on silver are the daintiest things imaginable for vapory summer toilets. Silver brooches copy flowers, but leaves offer better designs. Graduated ivy leaves overlapping one another, the shamrock with its stems wound around making a sort of framework for the leaf. The graceful maple with its notched edges and decorative twining, sweet pea leaves with a couple of folded buds, and the thistle with its prickly edge are the favorite models. Many of these leaf pins have a pearl as a drop of dew, and more have iridescent insects as an additional ornament.

Kid Gloves.

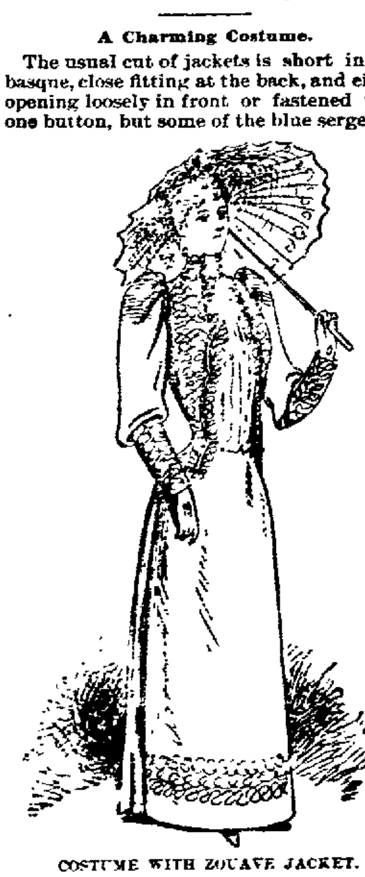
Kid gloves are again in favor in England, where very light shades are worn. Some useful gloves are made of Russia leather, which, though dyed, possesses its fragrant odor. For riding or driving there are the Tyrol gloves, like soft washleather, formerly only made in pale buff or gray, but now to be had in white, with any number of large silver buttons, or with gauntlets to protect the wrists. The great advantage is that these gloves can be washed with plain soap and water, and with a little care in drying come out like new. These are just the thing for country wear and lawn tennis.

Novelties in Evening Shoes.

Gold kid is the latest thing in evening shoes. It will be difficult to get anything more extravagant than this for the same purpose. The kid is covered with a layer of solid gold. The metal loses its brilliancy in wear, but never rubs off. These shoes are ornamented with paste buckles and have Louis heels. Then there is silver kid, quite the thing for wedding shoes. Miss Tennant wore silver kid shoes on the occasion of her wedding.

A Charming Costume.

The usual cut of jackets is short in the basque, close fitting at the back, and either opening loosely in front or fastened with one button, but some of the blue serge and white serge dresses are made with short rounded zouave jackets, showing a full shirt peeping from beneath at the back of the waist.



COSTUME WITH ZOUAVE JACKET.

The attractive costume here illustrated is in dark blue serge, with a zouave jacket braided in white. The full plastron is of white surah. The front breadth of the skirt is also braided in white to match the jacket.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Acid Preservatives in Food Are Condemned from a Sanitary Standpoint.

The use of preservatives for articles intended for food and drink is an important one, both for the manufacturer and consumer. From a sanitary point of view it is doubtful whether any of the preservatives ordinarily added to articles intended for human consumption ought to be encouraged. Laws exist in continental European countries prohibiting the use of certain of these preservative agents. Salicylic acid is prohibited by most of them, and the manufacturers are there beginning the use of benzoic acid, which is preservative in small amount and is not easy to detect. After a discussion at a convention of chemists at Speyer, Bavaria, on the 10th of September, 1888, the conclusion was reached that boric acid, as a preservative for foods, is to be regarded with caution. Sanitary authorities have generally spoken in stronger terms of the use of boric acid, and yet it enters into the composition of a large number of the preservatives in the market.

Dr. E. Polenske has made an examination of ten commercial preservatives intended for meats. Three of the ten contained sulphurous acid or sulphites; two contained borax, and five boric acid; one each contained alum, arsenious oxide, salycylic acid and free phosphoric acid; two contained glycerine, and two boroglycerine; three contained niter, and six common salt. The one containing arsenious oxide was the only one actively poisonous, but several of the others were decidedly objectionable. Indeed, we should object, says The Brooklyn Medical Journal, from which the above facts are gleaned, to the addition of anything to our meats which is not a natural ingredient of food or cannot be converted into a compound natural to the human body.

Many Trees and Moist Soil.

The thick planting of trees close to a house is pronounced a mistake by Dr. W. T. Parker in The Sanitarian. He says:

"A soil loaded with roots and densely shaded is unfit for man to live upon constantly. Vegetation produces a great effect upon the movement of the air. Its velocity is checked, and sometimes in thick clusters of trees or underwood the air is almost stagnant. If moist and decaying vegetation be a coincident condition of such stagnation the most fatal forms of malarious diseases are produced. A moist soil is cold, and is generally believed to predispose to rheumatism, catarrh and neuralgia. It is a matter of general experience that most people feel healthier on a dry soil. In some way which is not clear a moist soil produces an unfavorable effect upon the lungs. A moist soil influences greatly the development of the agent, whatever it may be, which causes the paroxysmal fevers."

Enough trees to produce an effect agreeable to the eye and comfortably to shade certain portions of the house and its immediate vicinity in summer, yet not so many as to render the soil damp, or prevent the free circulation of air, or wholly shut out the sun, should be the householder's ideal. Conifers are especially bad if many of them stand close to the house, because they exclude sunshine in winter, when one cannot have too much of it.

The Birth Rate of Advanced Nations.

Dr. F. B. Greenley, of Kentucky, is credited with the statement that the birth rate in advanced and civilized people has become so low that in the absence of sanitary regulations which have been instituted the population would become extinct. In the New England states the birth rate exceeds the death rate very little, and were it not for the prolific foreigner it would be materially less. The birth rate among native women is 9.4 per 1,000, and among foreign 29 per 1,000. The deteriorations produced on the various organs consequent upon the abuses in highly civilized countries of tight lacing, late hours, exposure, indigestible food, free use of wine, etc., are assigned as the cause of this state of things.

The New Kola Nut.

The Lancet is recommending an excellent substitute for tea at breakfast. Coffee and cocoa are declared to be doomed. The new kola nut is to be everybody's drink as soon as its virtues are known. It contains very little tannin and not much more caffeine, and its power of rehabilitating after fatigue and allaying the pangs of hunger are such that it might be used by an army on the march in place of regular rations. As a "pick-me-up" it is said to be excellent and without danger.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Customary Usages at Lawn Parties in Town and Country.

Every one knows something of the discomfort that attends going to a lawn party on a wet afternoon, while a partially wet one has even more disastrous effects. The latter gives a probability of its clearing up, and leads people to venture on to wet lawns, and under dripping trees, and up and down moist and sticky gravel paths.

To sit down is uncomfortable, to walk is even more so, and the hostess hardly knows whether to receive her guests out of doors or to convert the lawn party into an afternoon party in the house. Lawn parties which take place in town or in the immediate suburbs are generally fully attended, whatever the weather may be. The guests thoroughly understand that the hostess will receive in the house if she cannot do so on the lawn, and that a lawn party will consequently resolve itself into a large afternoon party, absenteeism preventing its being too great a crush. It is not quite the same thing to the hostess naturally, but, as her arrangements have been made and refreshments provided, postponement is not to be contemplated; thus "weather permitting" is seldom put on an invitation card in town.

Tennis and out of door games are the life and soul of a garden party in the country, and the weather makes all the difference to those invited. Distant neighbors are not expected to face a long wet drive, but nearer neighbors mostly put in an appearance and take the chance of the afternoon brightening.

Invitations are issued a week or more in advance. A long notice is more likely to secure the presence of the principal neighbors rather than a short one. On the other hand, a short notice often means that a lawn party is got up almost impromptu by taking advantage of the advent of mutual friends.

"Tennis" should always be put on the cards when tennis is to be played, that the guests may dress themselves accordingly.

It must be a lovely day to induce a hostess to venture upon having her refreshments served under the trees. Of course it is pleasant when this can be done, but too often a thunderstorm bursts upon the party and creates a panic, and a general rush into the house is the result. And, after all, the large dining room is the best rendezvous on the hottest of days when a large party is assembled.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

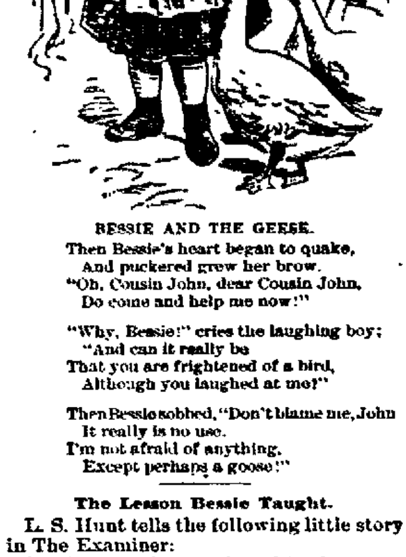
FOR THE ESPECIAL ENTERTAINMENT OF BRIGHT BOYS AND GIRLS.

The Adventure in Which a Confident Little Maid Who Thought She Was Not Afraid of Anything Was Vanquished by a Queer Foe.

"I'm not afraid of anything,"
Cried little Bessie Brown,
Who thought herself the bravest lass
In all Northampton town.

One day this hearty little maid
To see her granny went,
A well filled basket on her arm
With gifts by mother sent.

But what is this? A noisy flock
Of geese are hissing loud;
They threaten with their horny bills—
A most unpleasant crowd.



BESSIE AND THE GEESE.

Then Bessie's heart began to quake,
And puckered grew her brow.
"Oh, Cousin John, dear Cousin John,
Do come and help me now!"

"Why, Bessie!" cries the laughing boy;
"And can it really be
That you are frightened of a bird,
Although you laughed at me?"

Then Bessie sobbed, "Don't blame me, John
It really is no use.
I'm not afraid of anything,
Except perhaps a goose!"

The Lesson Bessie Taught.

L. S. Hunt tells the following little story in The Examiner:

Bessie must have wakened in the morning with a plan in her busy little head for teaching certain members of the Newton family a lesson. The first thing she did was to go into the library, and finding on a chair a new magazine that Harry had left there she pulled off a cover. "There!" thought she, "I'll teach Harry not to leave so valuable a thing as a book where it doesn't belong." Then she went into the boys' room, and finding a borrowed book out of place she remarked to herself: "This will never do. A borrowed book should always be carefully put away. I'll just destroy this one to teach Master Willie a lesson." So she soon defaced its pretty, bright cover badly.

Next she visited Marjory's room, and finding more dust on the floor than should have been there, she evidently thought of the saying, "Dirt is misplaced matter," and gave Marjory a gentle hint by tipping the contents of the scrap basket out upon the floor. Then she went into the sitting room, and finding Alice's hat on a little work stand, she thought, "Another thing out of place, another lesson to be taught." So she pulled out the feather, leaving hat and trimmings on the floor.

When all was done she cuddled up on the lounge, well satisfied with her morning's work. At the dinner table four members of the family looked as though each wished some one else would speak first. Finally, mamma said:

"I see Bessie has been trying to teach us again."

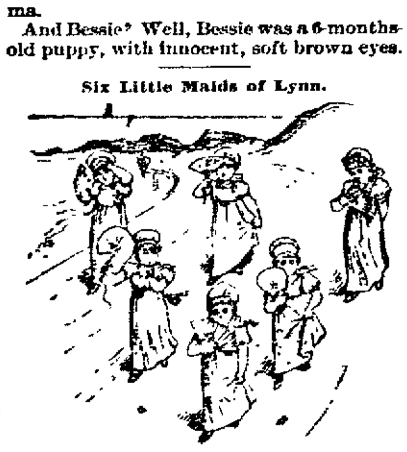
Four voices answered faintly, "Yes."

"She certainly has taught us once more that there should be a place for everything and everything should be in its place," said papa.

"Including Bessie herself," added mamma.

And Bessie? Well, Bessie was a 6-months-old puppy, with innocent, soft brown eyes.

Six Little Maids of Lynn.



HOLDING A WALKING MATCH.

Six little maids on the beach at Lynn
Holding a walking match—who will win?
Six rods out and six rods in,
This is the length of the race at Lynn.
—Little Men and Women.

Finish What You Begin.

My old great-grandmother Knox had a way, tells a writer in Golden Days, of making her children finish their work. If they began acting they must complete it. If they undertook to build a cob house they must not leave it until it was done, and nothing of the work or play to which they set their hands would she allow them to abandon incomplete.

How much of life is wasted in unfinished work! Many a man uses up his time in splendid beginnings. The labor devoted to begin ten things and leave them useless would finish five of them and make them profitable and useful.

Finish your work. Life is brief. Time is short. Put patient, persistent toil into the matter, and be assured one complete undertaking will yield yourself more pleasure and the world more profit than a dozen fair plans.

Collarettes of Feathers and Lace.

These are now being worn in Paris, made of feathers, large and important looking, and tied with ribbons at the back, so that they hang down in bows and ends. They are frequently of light colors for evening wear, matching the dress, and on some of the black collarettes there are flecks of metallic luster. Some people who do not care for feathers have collarettes made in the same way of tulle and lace. Black lace is best, but any colored tulle looks well folded doubled before plaiting. Russian net is used singly, with silk runnings at the edge.

A BA[illegible]

He was a man of [illegible] perfections, indeed he was, my friend,
His range of learning and of thought was seemingly without an end;
And he could answer anything that you might ask, and never wink,
Or pause awhile, like other men, to slowly scratch his head and think.

He was a wise philosopher, a man of science, too, was he;
He knew the pedigree of all that live on earth, in air or sea,
He settled questions most abstruse by simply saying "Yes" or "No;"
In fact, he was a genuine encyclopedia, you know.

Was full of uranography, theogony, geography,
Was loaded with chorography and reveled in cosmogony,
Was up in demonology, theology, dendrology,
Could sing in fourteen languages the usual doxology.

He was no man to sneeze at, as I guess, my friend, you will admit;
But there was one thing, after all, he couldn't do a little bit,
With all his wisdom so profound, experience and and power of mind,
There was one simple little thing he hunted for and couldn't find.

It made him wroth, he tore his hair—or would had there been any there,
And deep within his inmost soul a germ developed for a swear.
My friend, if you are married you can sympathize with him, I guess,
He couldn't find, to save his life, the pocket in a woman's dress.
—William Edward Penny in New York World.

Reason Sufficient.

"Say, Dumley, I understand that you have broke off your engagement with Clara Veredevere? What was the reason?"

"Reason? Well, you see Miss Clara was an elocutionist. Gave private readings, you know."

"Well, was that objectionable?"

"Yes! She always insisted on reading 'Curfew Shall Not Ring To-night.'"—Yankee Blade.

A Compromise.

Needy Musician—I am going to have a benefit. How many tickets will you take? They are a dollar each.

Luckless Friend—I suppose I'll have to take a couple. Rather pressed for funds, though.

Needy Musician—Well, if you'd rather lend me a dollar I won't have a benefit and we'll call it square.—Drake's Magazine.

A Good Guesser.

Clara Sweet—Mr. Dumley, here's a conundrum for you. What is the point of similarity between yourself and a statue?

Mr. Dumley—I haven't the slightest idea.

Clara Sweet—Why, Mr. Dumley, I had no idea you were such a good guesser. —Philadelphia Press.

A Striking Resemblance.

Mrs. Haysleet—No, I must admit that the twins do not look much alike. But they are very much alike in one respect—they both enjoy quarreling and fighting with each other.

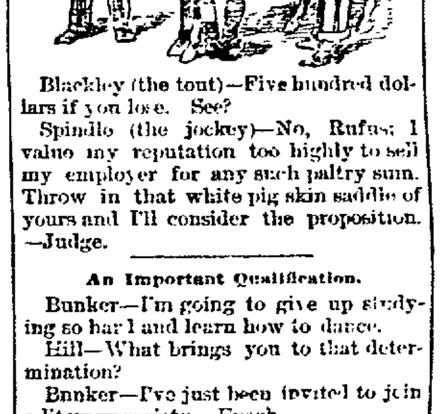
Mrs. Smudgins—Yes, I have noticed that—quite a striking resemblance.—Burlington Free Press.

Of Course.

"Jones, I think you are the poorest speller I ever saw. You never spell a word twice alike."

"Pshaw! I think a man must be an awful poor speller if he can spell a word only one way."—Dansville Breeze.

Squareness at the Track.



Blackley (the tout)—Five hundred dollars if you lose. See?

Spindle (the jockey)—No, Rufus; I value my reputation too highly to sell my employer for any such paltry sum. Throw in that white pig skin saddle of yours and I'll consider the proposition. —Judge.

An Important Qualification.

Bunker—I'm going to give up studying so hard and learn how to dance.

Hill—What brings you to that determination?

Bunker—I've just been invited to join a literary society.—Epoch.

Safe.

"I should say that armless girl in the museum would be safe from matrimonial proposals."

"Why so?"

"Because nobody can ask for her hand."—Boston Courier.

Local Pride.

Mr. Broadway—How did your city come to be named Boston, Mr. Southchurch?

Mr. Southchurch—From the fact that it is the boss town, I suppose.—Yenowine's News.

Don't Drink Between Drinks.

Deck of a Scotch steamer.—Tourist—Sandy, come and have a glass. Sandy—Thank you, sir. No, sir, I don't drink, sir—in fac' it's too early, sir, an' mair nor that, I've had three already, sir.

Takes Things.

"Why does a thief have so many friends?"

"Probably on account of his taking ways."—Chicago Ledger.

Ah!

He—Did you read my poem last night?
She—I began it.
He—Interrupted, I suppose?
She—No.—Life.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

THE CHICAGO and ATLANTIC RAILWAY

With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the Attractive Low Rates Via this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect May 11, 1890.

EASTWARD.

	No. 2	No. 8	No. 12	No. 10
Lv. Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Archer Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Englewood	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hammond	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Crown Pt.	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Kouts	[illegible]			[illegible]
N. Judson	[illegible]			[illegible]
Rochester	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Akron	[illegible]		[illegible]	
Newton	[illegible]		[illegible]	No. 6
Bolivar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Huntington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kingsland	[illegible]			[illegible]
Decatur	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Enterprise	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Spencerville	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Lima	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alger	[illegible]			[illegible]
Kenton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Marion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Boston		[illegible]	[illegible]	

WESTWARD.

	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	No. 7
Lv. Boston		[illegible]	[illegible]	
New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Marion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kenton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alger	[illegible]			[illegible]
Lima	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Spencerville	[illegible]			[illegible]
Enterprise	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Decatur	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kingsland	[illegible]			[illegible]
Huntington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bolivar	[illegible]			
Newton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Akron	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	No. 9
Rochester	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Judson	[illegible]			[illegible]
Kouts	[illegible]			[illegible]
Crown Pt.	[illegible]			[illegible]
Hammond	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Englewood	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Archer Ave.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Nos. 6, 12, 10, 3, 9 and 5 daily. Nos. 2, 6, 1 and 7 daily except Sunday.

Where time is not shown trains do not stop. No. 12 stops at No. Judson, Akron and Enterprise on signal only; No. 10 at Kingsland and Alger; No. 3 at Akron; No. 7 at Alger.

F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.
L. C. CANNON, Gen'l Agt. for Receiver.

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Specific is a special cure for the disease named. These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the sovereign remedies of the World.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS. CURES. PRICES.
1 Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation
2 Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic
3 Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants
4 Diarrhea, of Children or Adults
5 Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic
6 Cholera Morbus, Vomiting
7 Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis
8 Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache
9 Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo
10 Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach
11 Suppressed or Painful Periods
12 Whites, too Profuse Periods
13 Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing
14 Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions
15 Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains
16 Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria
17 Piles, Blind or Bleeding
19 Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head
20 Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs
24 General Debility, Physical Weakness
27 Kidney Disease
28 Nervous Debility
30 Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed
32 Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation 1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages) richly bound in cloth and gold, mailed free. Humphreys' Medicine Co. 109 Fulton St. N.Y.

SPECIFICS.

Big G is the acknowledged leading remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men. A certain cure for the debilitating weakness peculiar to women.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.

I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.
A. J. STONER, M.D., DECATUR, ILL.

THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O.

Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,

Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

FOR MEN ONLY!

VIGOR AND STRENGTH For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

CHILDREN'S WEAR!

For good, durable suits for children you will find that I have the largest assortment. I have made it a special object to purchase the largest stock of Children's Goods ever brought to Marion and think that I have attained that object. Mothers, look after your own interests and examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere. If you need only a Pair of Pants for your boy you will find that you will save money by purchasing of me. If you need a Child's Hat, Tie or Cap you want to see my assortment.

Light-Weight Overcoats!

I just received a line of Men's Light-Weight Overcoats and they are beauties and just the proper thing. You will find in my front window this week Fall and Winter Suits. Look at the styles and then come in and examine them. Everything is marked in plain figures and strictly one-price.

SAM OPPENHEIMER,
BENNETT BUILDING.

SCHOOL BOOKS!

—AND—

SCHOOL SUPPLIES

—OF—

EVERY DSCRIPTION

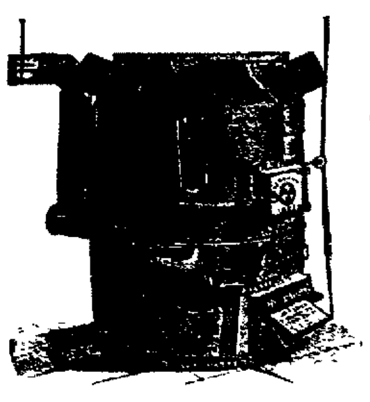
—AT—

L. DENISON & CO.'S,
MASONIC BLOCK.

Always the Lowest Prices.

S. & F. R. SAITER

—AGENTS FOR THE—



ECONOMY

Warm Air Furnaces!

Guaranteed to heat a 6 to 8 room house with 6 to 8 tons of coal.

Our Fall Stock of all the New and Improved

HEATING STOVES!

Wrought Steel Ranges, Grates, Mantles, Enameled and Glazed Tiles are now on our floors.

Call and See Us. We Want Your Trade!

COAL!

AT LOW PRICES
—AT—
L. B. GURLEY'S.
OFFICE, NORTH OF JAIL.
TELEPHONE, NO. 67

FOR RENT—Dwelling house of five rooms, on Canal street, west of gas house. Inquire of Mrs Jennie Uhl, at the above location. 232 tf

FOR RENT—Three front rooms, second floor of Centennial Block, price $9 50. 240tf.] J. G. LEFFLER, Grocer.

FOR RENT—House of seven rooms, No. 288 south East street, central location, $13 50 per month. Inquire at above number.]242t6

LOST—Between Marion and Prospect pair of gold spectacles. E. Klein & Bros.' name on case. The finder please return to Marion Deposit Bank.

LOTS FOR SALE—On Greenwood and George streets, one square north of Huber shops. Easy terms, to suit purchaser. Inquire of F. E. Heise. was204tf

ROOMS FOR RENT—Several rooms for rent in Harding building. Enquire of Dr. C. H. Bahrenburg.

WANTED—100 men to work on the sewer. A wagon will be at the court house square at a quarter of six every morning to haul men to and from the work. 246w1] IRWIN & MAHER, Contractors.

—Bring your work to the Marion Steam Laundry. 206tf

—See Prendergast at once if you wish to buy your winter's supply of hard or soft coal. Their prices are extremely low. 183-tf

---

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF

School Books!

AND SUPPLIES AT

LOWEST PRICES.

In the city. Second hand School Books for sale, and bring your current editions of old books, which will be taken in exchange for new ones, at

C. G. Wiant's.

GET THE BEST
Hard or Soft
COAL
Linsley & Lawrence,
West Street, Between Railroads.

—The Kindergarden will open the season at Music Hall tonight.

—Miss Denney has returned home, after a short visit at Columbus.

—D. A. Frank is in New York, buying a fall and winter stock of dry goods.

—A child of Fred Kerwecker, on north Greenwood street, is sick with fever.

—Excavation was begun today for Dr. Hensley's new residence on Cherry street.

—Miss Annie Nite and Mary Webster, of Delaware spent Tuesday with friends here.

—Miss Emma Irmer has gone to make a visit with friends at Gambier and Columbus.

—Joel Osborn, a popular young druggist of Prospect, spent Tuesday night in this place.

—Traveling Auditor Ward, of the C. and E., is in the city today checking up the company's business here.

—The C., H. V. and T. R'y is giving reduced rates today and tomorrow to Fostoria, on account of the Northwestern Ohio Fair.

—The officials of the C. and E. were in town Tuesday looking over property here and making arrangements for their company's business.

—Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Denman left today for Urbana, where they attend a wedding tonight and then go to Piqua to visit at the Doctor's parents' home.

—Mrs. Dr. Rhu accompanied her son, Master Herman, to Hudson, Ohio, Tuesday, where that bright young fellow enters the academy of the Western Reserve University.

—Mrs. John M. Irey, of near Agosta, O., is visiting with her parents, south of Marion, and expects to spend a week or two in the vicinity of Marion, visiting her old friends and relatives.

—V. H. Kling left today for Hot Springs, Ark., where he will make an indefinite stay in the hope of recovering his health. The young gentleman's friends certainly hope he will be highly benefited.

—Miss Luama Stewart, who has been visiting relatives at Mansfield for the past week, returned to her home, on north West street, Tuesday. She was accompanied on her visit by two cousins, a Mr Cunningham and Miss Hughes, who had been her guests previously.

—Col. John VanBrimer and Maj. Corns Stults, of Richwood, reuned Tuesday evening on the court house square, and were a greater attraction than the Salvation Army. Col. Van was afterward a guest of the city at the lock-up, where he reposed until morning.

—D. Humphreys, foreman of crew [illegible] with engine 57 in the Erie yards, sustained a severely injured [illegible] Tuesday night about 11 o'clock. Humphreys was engaged in pulling a [illegible] from a moving car when [illegible] over a switch [illegible]. The [illegible] was badly bruised and Humphreys will be laid off from [illegible] a few days, at least. Dr. Rhu [illegible]

—The county commissioners established the Marion and Wyandot pike [illegible] the petitioners being [illegible] The new road extends [illegible] house to the Wyandot county line [illegible] the Marion and Wyandot [illegible] W. F. Court, C. B. Merchant and [illegible] Berringer were appointed [illegible] viewers, who will also estimate the assessment. J. W. Scott [illegible] There is about 3½ miles of the road.

—The Sterling Stove. 229m1

—Cunningham, the plumber.

—The Kindergarden tonight.

—Fresh oysters at Jeff Osborne's. [illegible]

—Three houses for rent. Inquire of J. H. Vaughan, north Main street. 246tf

—Furnished rooms to rent above the Marion Bazar, opposite postoffice. Inquire of W. J. Grads. [illegible]

—The Kindergarden Co. came in this forenoon from Fostoria and are registered at the Kerr House.

Economy "100 doses one dollar"
Merit "Peculiar to itself"
Purity Hood's Sarsaparilla

—[illegible] class and fancy ware every [illegible] private sale every day [illegible]

—Twenty cases [illegible] [illegible]
W. S. [illegible]
[illegible] Center [illegible]

—The [illegible] will be at Music Hall [illegible] in a fine repertoire. [illegible] was here today making the [illegible] arrangements.

—The free postal delivery [illegible] established until [illegible] to Postmaster [illegible] [illegible] the delivery system [illegible] make the arrangements [illegible]

—[illegible] has returned [illegible] a new and stylish [illegible] [illegible] A large assortment, first class work and [illegible] east Center street [illegible] your address by mail and he will call on you. [illegible]

THE NINTH BRIGADE.

The Reunion Made Enjoyable by the Stirring Addresses of Gen'l Gibson and the Happy Camp Fire.

The STAR's meagre report of the reunion of the Ninth District Brigade reunion was all that was attainable Tuesday, and details in some regards are still unknown.

The G. A. R. veterans of Morrow, Delaware, Union and Marion counties met in annual reunion here Tuesday. The public knew but little of the affair, but the various Posts had been informed, and the attendance of the old soldiers was quite large.

The notable feature of the day was the afternoon meeting at Music Hall. The hall was literally packed, standing room all being taken, the stage filled and large numbers turned away.

Dr. Weeks, general of the Brigade, presided. After music and prayer, W. E. Scofield, on behalf of the mayor and the citizens of Marion, extended a very hearty welcome to the veterans. Mr. Scofield did his work happily and captured the crowd when he told "the boys" that if they weren't given what they wanted, to do as they would in '61—to take it.

Department Commander, P. H. Dowling, responded and then briefly addressed the comrades on matters of interest to Grand Army members. At the conclusion of his remarks he introduced Gen'l W. H. Gibson, and the grand old orator was received with applause that shook the building.

Neither reference or a report of his speech will do it justice. The report might give his words but could not describe his inimitable way of pleasing the comrades. It was simply one of Gen'l Gibson's greatest efforts, a flow of eloquence mingled with patriotism, reminiscence, anecdote, pathos and bathos. The comrades were simply carried away, and his hearers generally were captivated with his address.

Mrs. J. F. McNeal sang "Ohio" in a way that won tremendous applause, and was forced to sing The Star Spangled Banner on the recall. The meeting then adjourned until evening.

THE CAMP FIRE.

The doors of Music Hall were opened promptly at 7 o'clock in the evening, and but a few minutes elapsed before the building was densely crowded, standing room being at a premium, and many were unable to secure admission. Crawford's band, of Delaware, opened the exercises with a couple choice selections, and the arranged program was taken up.

A chorus of little misses, costumed in white, wearing the national colors, sang "God Bless the Soldiers," which was followed by an address by Brigade Chaplain W. M. Haines. By request the speaker related some of his prison experiences, which were revolting in the extreme in their pictures of starvation and cruelty. He closed by eloquent reference to the American flag and the effect of its unwritten sentiment on the soldier boys who fought to preserve it.

Miss Richardson favored the audience with a solo, "The Better Land," in her most graceful style, and received appreciable applause.

The program, which had been arranged subject to change, was necessarily varied on account of absentees, but it was nevertheless received enthusiastically as presented, and was the happy ending of a delightful day socially and patriotically to the old veterans and friends who participated in the enjoyments of the day.

Judge Advocate E. H. Hyatt and Maj. McElroy made camp-fire speeches, and musical and literary exercises followed, notable among which was "Count Candespina's Standard," a recitation by Miss Mame Williams, presented in her excellent style of delivery.

The camp-fire speaking was closed by Dep't Commander Dowling and Gen. W. H. Gibson, the latter making one of his characteristic speeches, which are ever enjoyable alike to soldiers and friends.

"We are Tenting Tonight on the Old Camp Ground" was sung by Mrs. J. F. McNeal, an enjoyable close of a happy reunion of the Ninth Brigade G. A. R.

OHIO FREEWILL BAPTISTS

The State Association in Session at LaRue, With Good Attendance.

Special to DAILY STAR.]

LARUE, O., SEPT. 3—The nineteenth annual session of the Ohio Free Will Baptist State Association convened at LaRue Tuesday evening, Sept 2d.

There were about twenty ministers present, representing the different departments of the work throughout the state. Besides the ministers there were several lay delegates present.

The introductory sermon was preached by Rev. W. P. Hale, of Marion. After the sermon all the strangers were assigned homes by the pastor, Rev. A. Crabtree, and the meeting was dismissed to re-assemble Wednesday morning at 8 30, when the business of the session will be taken up.

This session of the association promises to be a very interesting one. The music is lead by the church choir of LaRue.

To Dispel Colds.

Headaches and Fevers, to cleanse the system effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys to a healthy activity without irritating or weakening them, use Syrup of Figs.

Attention, Veterans.

Meeting of the veterans Tuesday night, Sept [illegible], at moulter's hall, [illegible] block, at 7 30 p. m. to organize a Union Veteran Union Post.

By order of committee.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.
Fair weather; slightly warmer; southerly winds.

SPECIALTEIS
—IN—
Black Dress Goods!

The most desirable French weaves at very low prices. Warranted to give satisfaction.

Silk Serges,
Almas,
Surahs,
Richelieus,
Armures,
Gros Grains.

WARNER & EDWARDS

D. A. FRANK & CO.

MAKE A SPECIAL EFFORT ON

BLACK SILKS!

SILK-WARP AND
ALL-WOOL HENRIETTAS!

Our stock is complete and prices very low, and we would be pleased to show them to you. We have placed in our west window a line of Colored

FAILLE FRANCAISE SILK DRESS PATTERNS!

That we will close at 87c per yard. This is a decided bargain and will move them rapidly.

D. A. FRANK & CO.,
WHITE FRONT IN THE MASONIC BLOCK.

COAL Buy your Coal of Prendergasts and save money. Best Quality.

OPENING OF FALL GOODS.

Williams & Leffler, the Old, Reliable Merchant Tailors, Showing Their New Fall Goods.

Williams & Leffler, the old, reliable merchant tailoring house, whose record from year to year has been one of perfect satisfaction to all customers, are now showing their fall stock of goods, consisting of all the novelties as well as staples of the season. Of course the early selections are the most desirable in point of goods, but the perfect fitting and superior workmanship is guarananteed at all times.

A continuation of former trade and the orders of new customers are solicited. [w,wkas

Notice.

As receiver of the Chicago and Atlantic R'y, by virtue of orders of the United States Circuit Courts for the district of Indiana, the northern district of Illinois, and the northern district of Ohio, western division, I hereby give notice to creditors and claimants that all claims that shall not have been filed in one or the other of said courts on or before October 1st, 1890, will be barred.

VOLNEY T. MALOTT, Receiver.
Chicago, Sept. 1st, 1890. [24t6

Announcement.

Messrs. Krauss & Meehan, the well-known dealers in carpets and curtains, of Columbus, have on sale at the Hotel Marion, for a few days, an excellent selection of carpetings, curtains, rugs, etc. Many rare things are being shown, and citizens will appreciate this opportunity to make selections from the best stock in Ohio. Mr. J. C. Martin, the representative of the firm, will take pleasure in welcoming visitors.

There are
many white soaps,
each
represented to be
"just as good as the Ivory."
They are not,
but like
all counterfeits,
they lack
the peculiar
and remarkable
qualities of
the genuine.
Ask for
Ivory Soap
and
insist upon having it.
'Tis sold everywhere.

EMMET DRAKE,
DENTIST
OFFICE—Over Kurtz's hardware store, north Main street.
Prices Reasonable. All Work Warranted

MUSIC HALL!

J. B. Sargent, Manager.

OPENING OF THE SEASON,
Wednesday, Sept. 3d,
With the great success of successes,
Howell & Gebert's
"THE KINDERGARDEN"
With the company's own
GRAND ORCHESTRA.

A GREAT CRAZE!
A LAUGHING SUCCESS!
A WHIRLWIND OF FUN!

ADMISSION.
Children, - - - - - 25 Cents.
Adults, - - - - - - 50 Cents.
☞No extra charge for reserved seats, at Tristram & Young's.

PROF. ED BELDING'S
KINDERGARDEN BAND!
Will give a grand concert at 11 a.m.

SIR WALTER!

This Elegant CIGAR is sold by

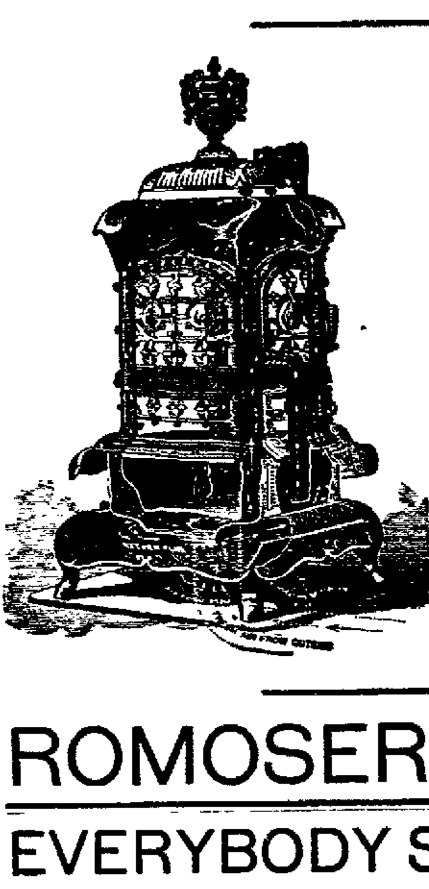
ODAFFER & HINDS,
DRUGGISTS.
Center Street, - - Opp. Court House.

IT BEARS ACQUAINTANCE!
INTRODUCE YOUR FRIENDS!

H. M. AULT'S
Fire and Tornado
INSURANCE AGENCY!

OFFICE: Bennett Block, First Stairway East of Postoffice.

STERLING VENTILATOR!



Time Tried
—AND—
Proved Good!

The most powerful Heater of its class! Thorough Ventilation! Economical, Durable and

EASILY OPERATED!

Takes Cold Air from the Bottom and sends out Hot Air at the Top! Works just

LIKE A FURNACE.

The ONLY THOROUGH HEATING DEVICE DISCOVERED. Remember the

"STERLING!"

ROMOSER & WREN.

EVERYBODY SAVE MONEY!

HOW DID SHE WIN?

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[illegible]

—FOR—

"MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED."

It is impossible for people to save money in making their purchases if they will continue to rush blindiy into the first store they come to and buy the goods wanted without first calling on the firm's opposition and getting prices. We claim that our stock of

FURNITURE

Is the largest and best selected stock ever in the city, and all we ask is for you to call before buying elsewhere and get our prices.

WILLIAM FIES,
Fies-Kling Block, Marion, Ohio.

ANSWER TO "FENCE, TREES AND SQUARE."
Cut square in center of field, using center square and one-fourth of each surrounding square.

OYSTERS!

The leading Oyster House in Marion is

THE ENGLISH KITCHEN.

The best brands on hand, fresh, at all times. Sold by can or served to order.

B. HALL, Proprietor.